

# **Sistema de Arquivos**

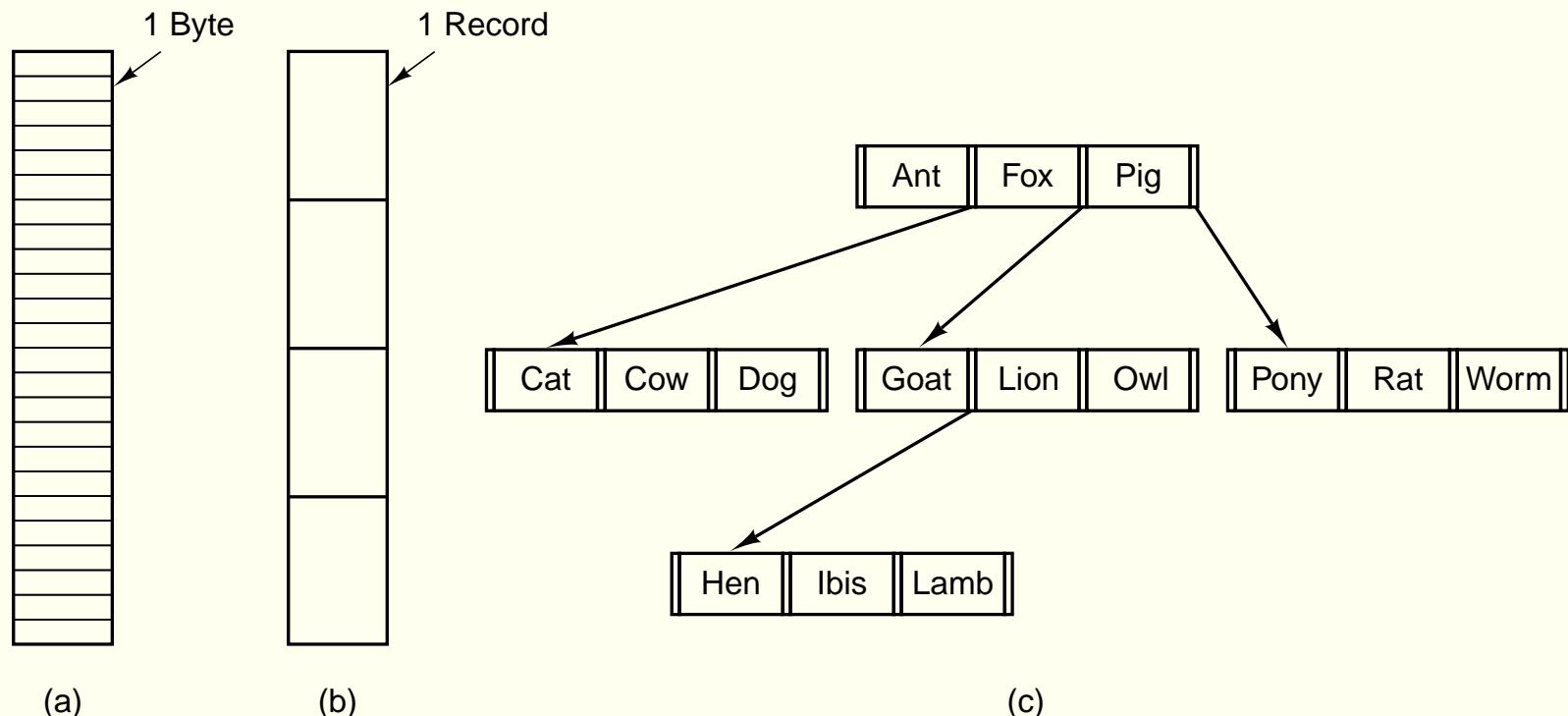
# Sistema de Arquivos

- Armazenam grande quantidade de informação
- Dados deve ser persistentes (não-voláteis)
- Acesso à informação pode ser concorrente

# Nomes e extensões

Extension	Meaning
file.bak	Backup file
file.c	C source program
file.gif	Compuserve Graphical Interchange Format image
file.hlp	Help file
file.html	World Wide Web HyperText Markup Language document
file.jpg	Still picture encoded with the JPEG standard
file.mp3	Music encoded in MPEG layer 3 audio format
file.mpg	Movie encoded with the MPEG standard
file.o	Object file (compiler output, not yet linked)
file.pdf	Portable Document Format file
file.ps	PostScript file
file.tex	Input for the TEX formatting program
file.txt	General text file
file.zip	Compressed archive

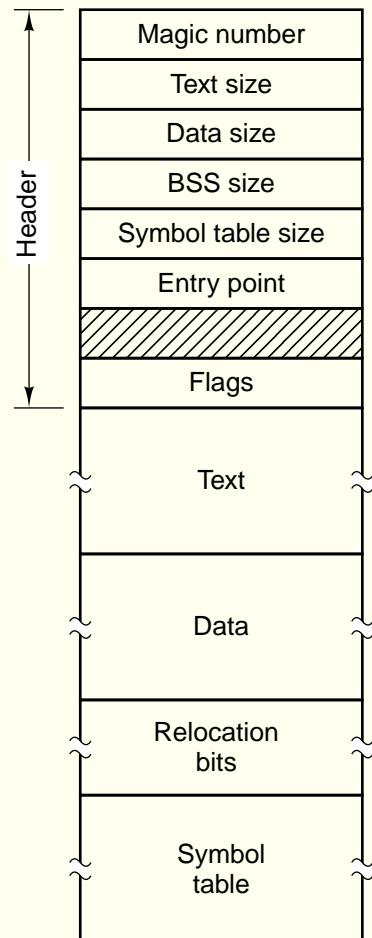
# Estrutura de arquivos



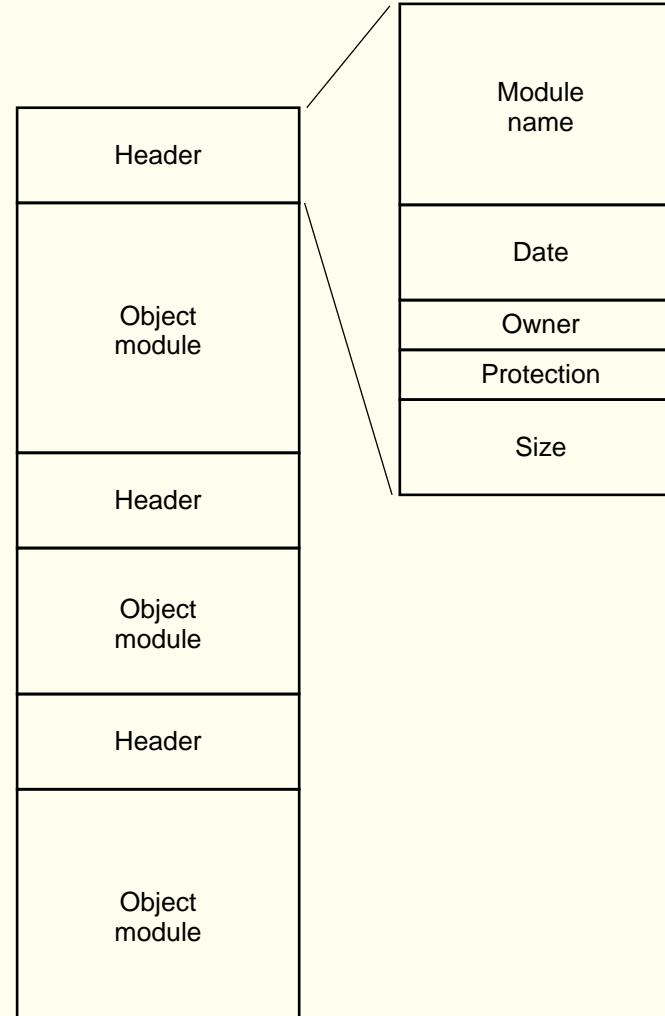
# Tipos de arquivos

- regulares
- diretórios
- caracter
  - terminais, impressoras e rede
- bloco
  - discos

# Tipos de arquivos



(a)



(b)

# Acesso a arquivos

- Seqüencial
  - Lê todos os bytes a partir do início
  - Fitas magnéticas
- Aleatório
  - Bytes podem ser lidos em qualquer ordem
  - Bancos de dados

# Atributos de arquivos

Attribute	Meaning
Protection	Who can access the file and in what way
Password	Password needed to access the file
Creator	ID of the person who created the file
Owner	Current owner
Read-only flag	0 for read/write; 1 for read only
Hidden flag	0 for normal; 1 for do not display in listings
System flag	0 for normal files; 1 for system file
Archive flag	0 for has been backed up; 1 for needs to be backed up
ASCII/binary flag	0 for ASCII file; 1 for binary file
Random access flag	0 for sequential access only; 1 for random access
Temporary flag	0 for normal; 1 for delete file on process exit
Lock flags	0 for unlocked; nonzero for locked
Record length	Number of bytes in a record
Key position	Offset of the key within each record
Key length	Number of bytes in the key field
Creation time	Date and time the file was created
Time of last access	Date and time the file was last accessed
Time of last change	Date and time the file has last changed
Current size	Number of bytes in the file
Maximum size	Number of bytes the file may grow to

Veja o comando stat

# Operações sobre arquivos

- create
- delete
- open
- close
- read
- write
- append
- seek
- get attributes
- set attributes
- rename

# Programa copy

```
#define BUF_SIZE 4096
#define OUTPUT_MODE 0700

int main(int argc, char *argv[]) {
    int in_fd, out_fd, rd_count, wt_count;
    char buffer[BUF_SIZE];

    if (argc!=3) exit(1);

    in_fd = open(argv[1], O_RDONLY);
    if (in_fd < 0) exit(2);

    out_fd = creat(argv[2], OUTPUT_MODE);
    if (out_fd < 0) exit(3);
```

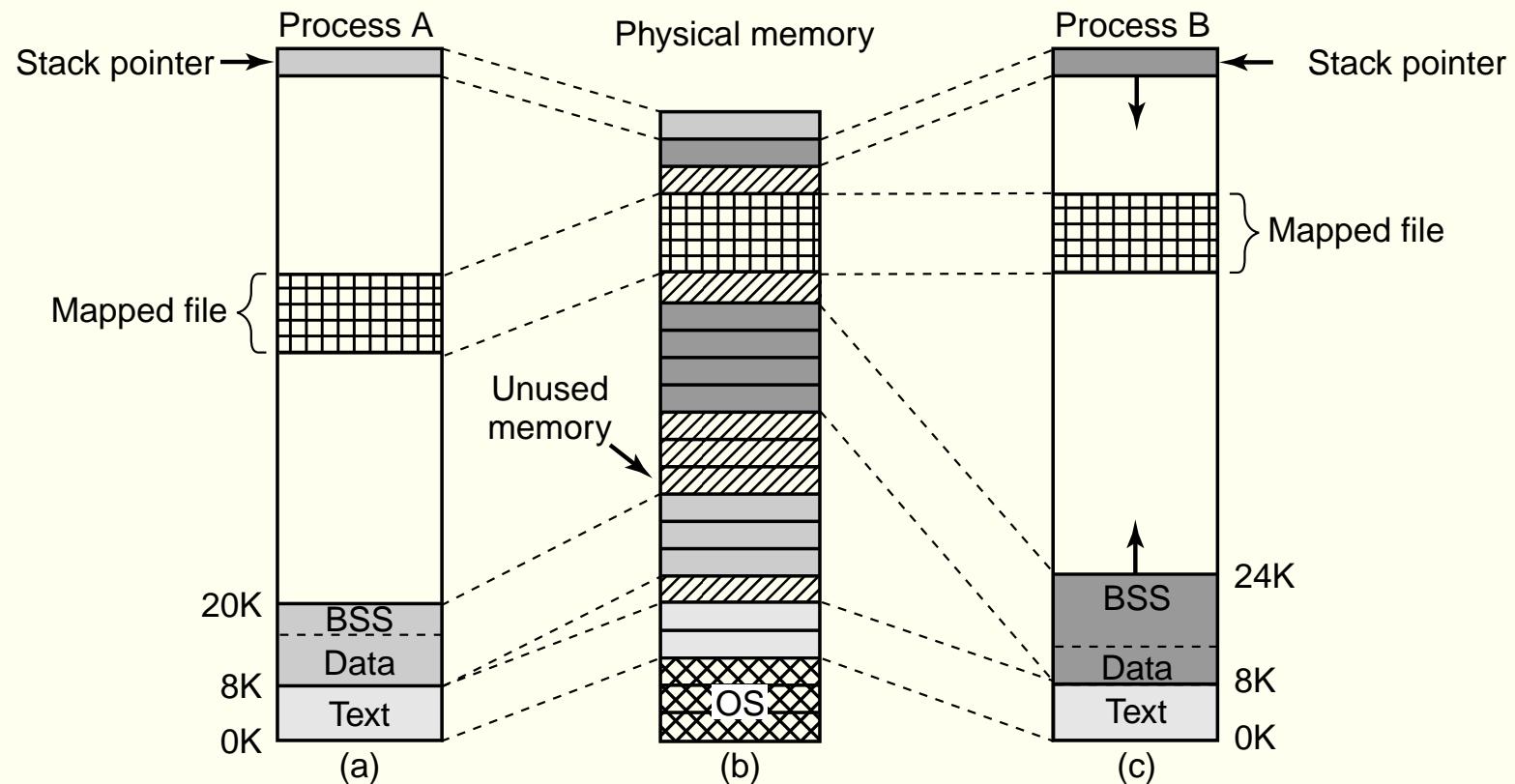
# Programa copy

```
while((rd_count = read(in_fd, buffer, BUF_SIZE)) > 0) {  
    wt_count = write(out_fd, buffer, rd_count);  
    if (wt_count <= 0) exit(4);  
}  
  
close(in_fd);  
close(out_fd);  
  
if (rd_count == 0) exit(0);  
else exit(5);  
}
```

# Streams

```
int fprintf(FILE *stream, const char *format, ...);  
  
int fscanf(FILE *stream, const char *format, ...);  
  
FILE *fopen(const char *path, const char *mode);  
  
int fclose(FILE *stream);
```

# Arquivos mapeados em memória



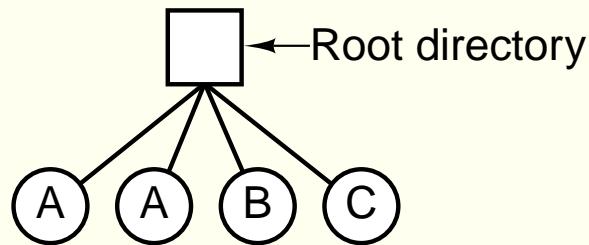
# Mmap

```
void *mmap(void *start, size_t length, int prot,  
int flags, int fd, off_t offset);
```

- start: endereço preferencial na memória onde o arquivo pode ficar; NULL caso o sistema deva escolher.
- length: tamanho do mapeamento
- prot: PROT\_EXEC, PROT\_READ, PROT\_WRITE, PROT\_NONE
- flags: MAP\_SHARED ou MAP\_PRIVATE
- fd: file descriptor do arquivo a ser mapeado
- offset: deslocamento em relação ao início do arquivo

# Diretórios

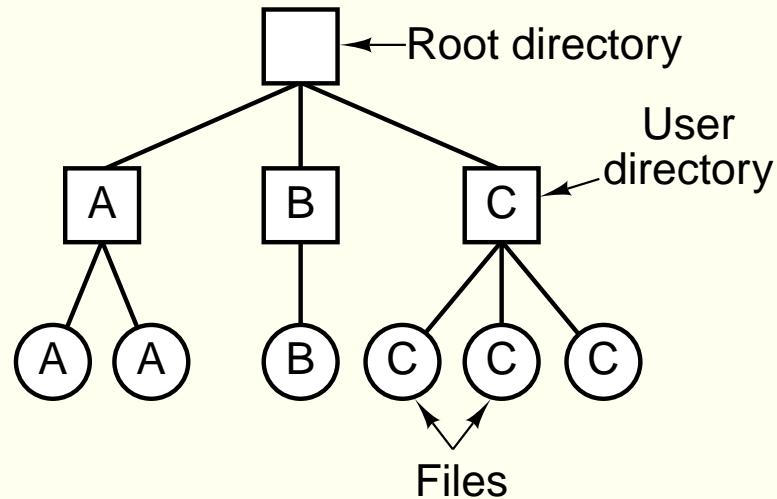
## Nível único



- 4 arquivos
- 3 proprietários: A, B e C

# Diretórios

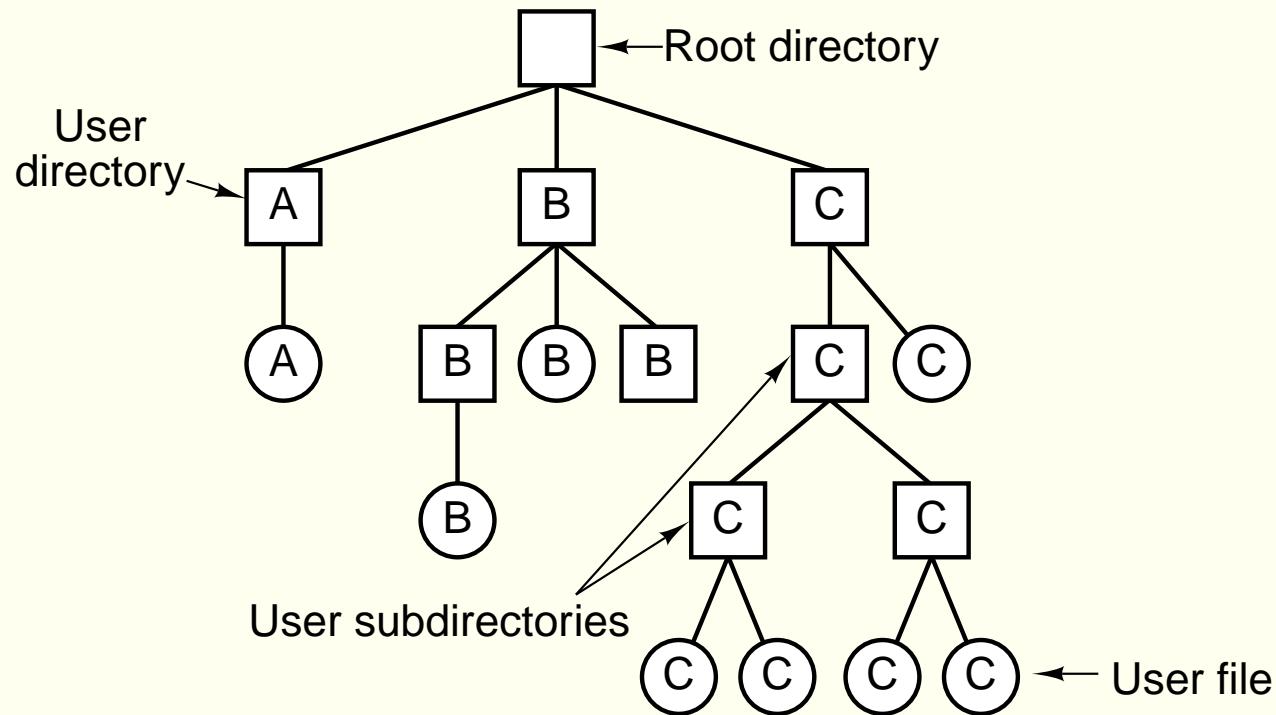
## Dois níveis



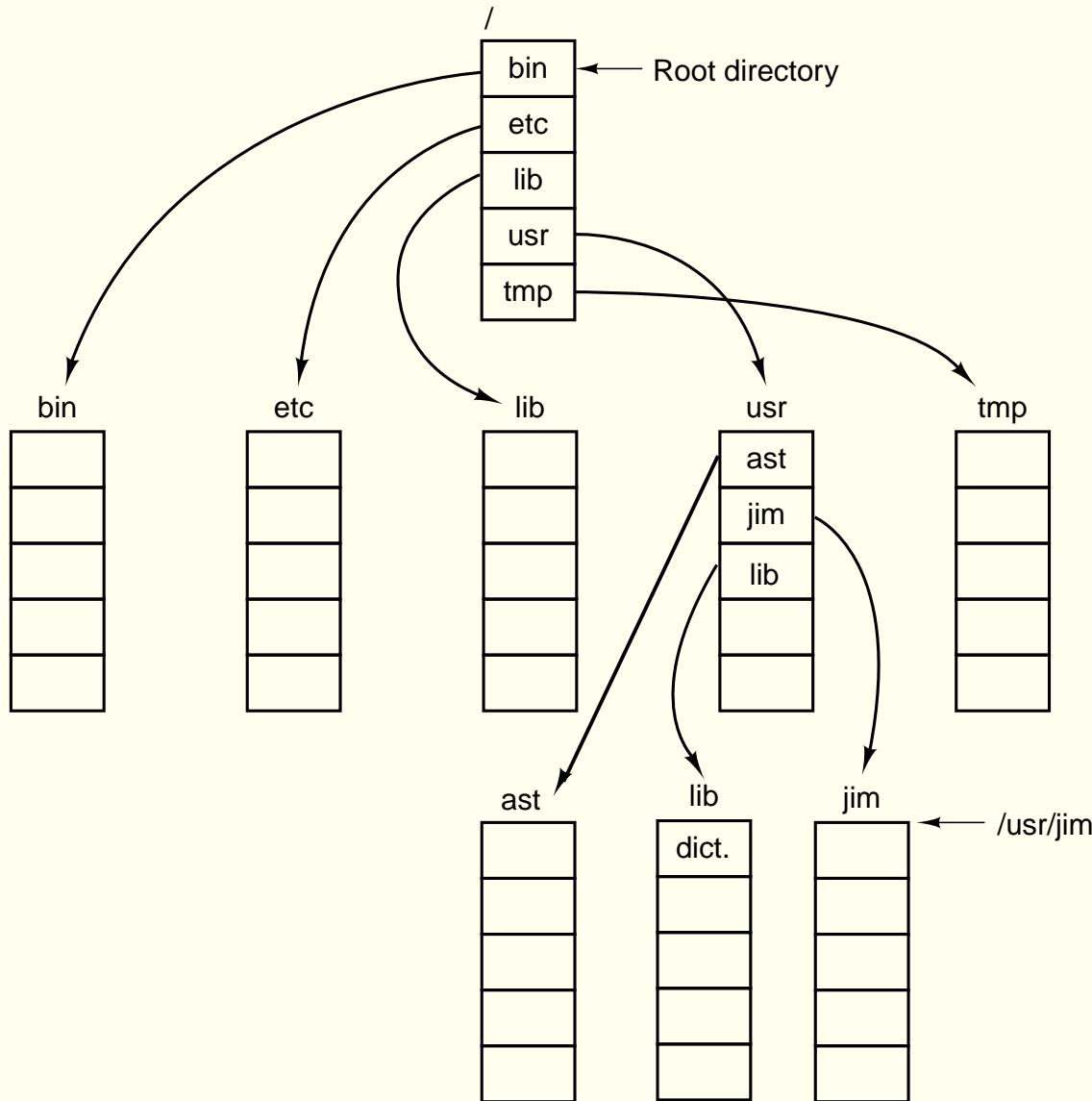
- Um diretório por usuário

# Diretórios

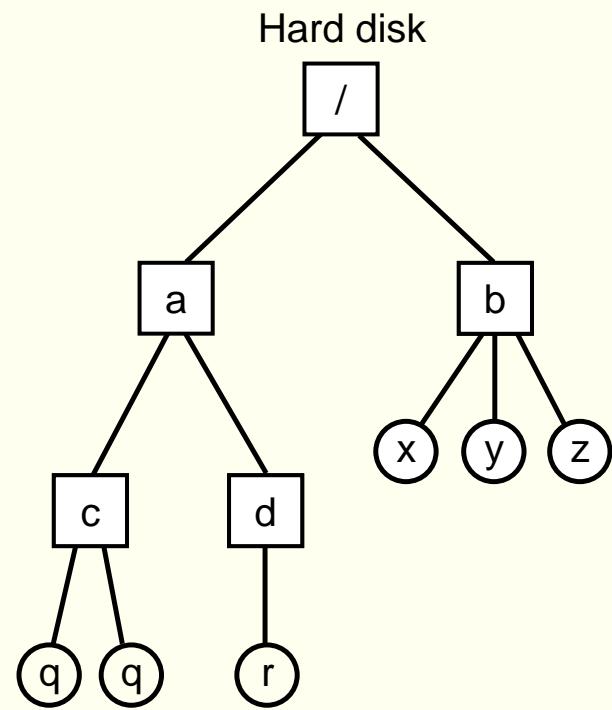
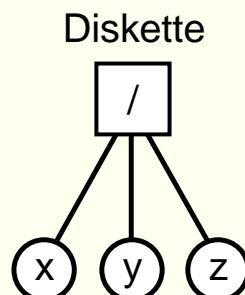
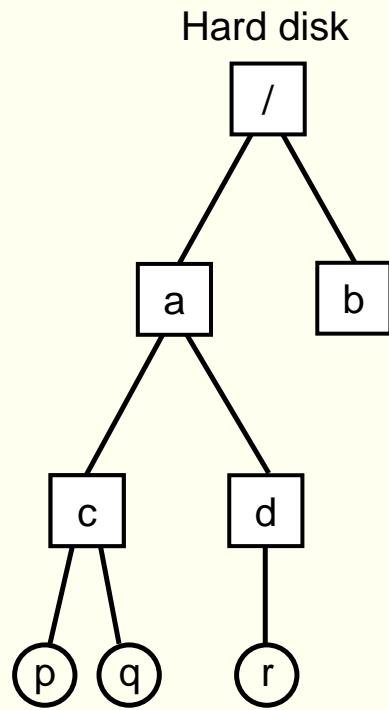
## Estrutura hierárquica



# Caminhos



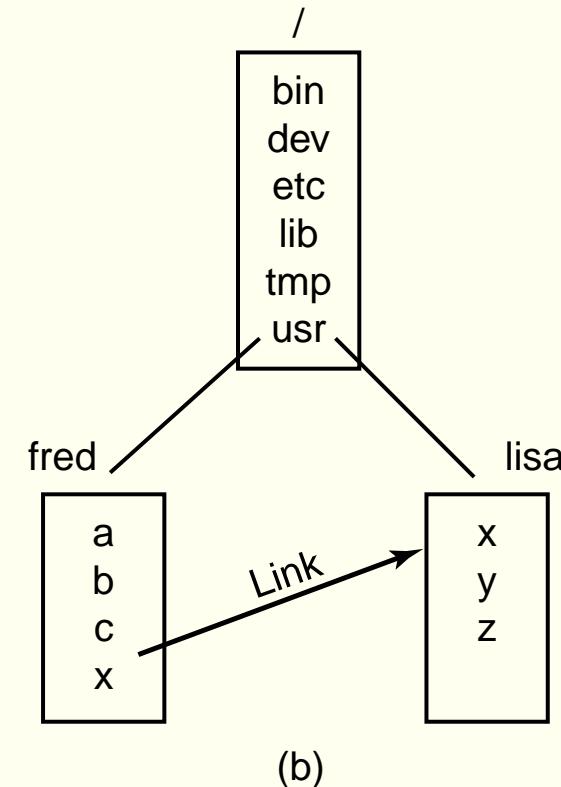
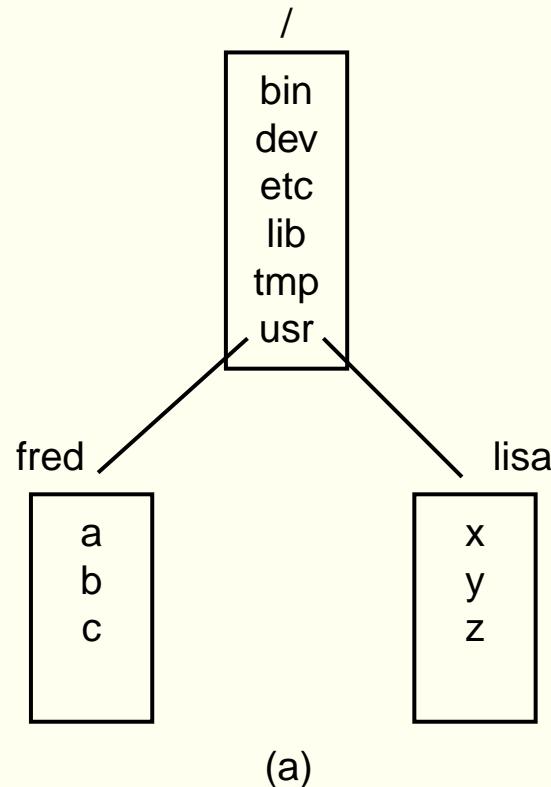
# Mount



# Operações sobre arquivos

- create
- delete
- opendir
- closedir
- readdir
- rename
- link
- unlink

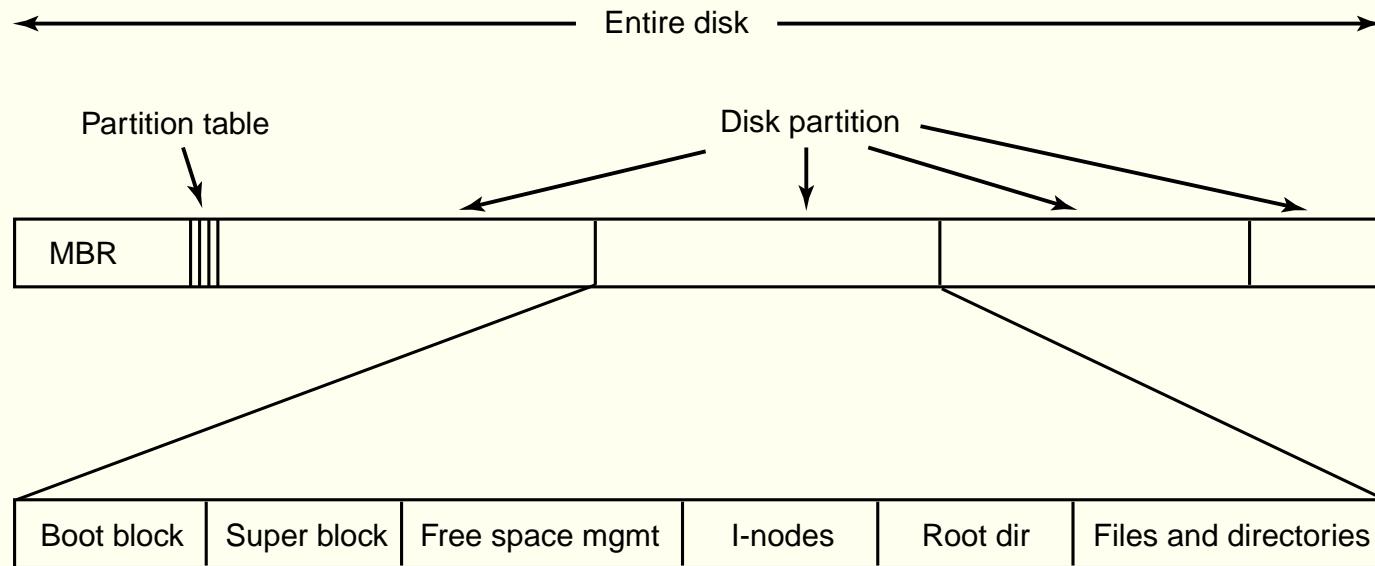
# Links



# Questões de Implementação

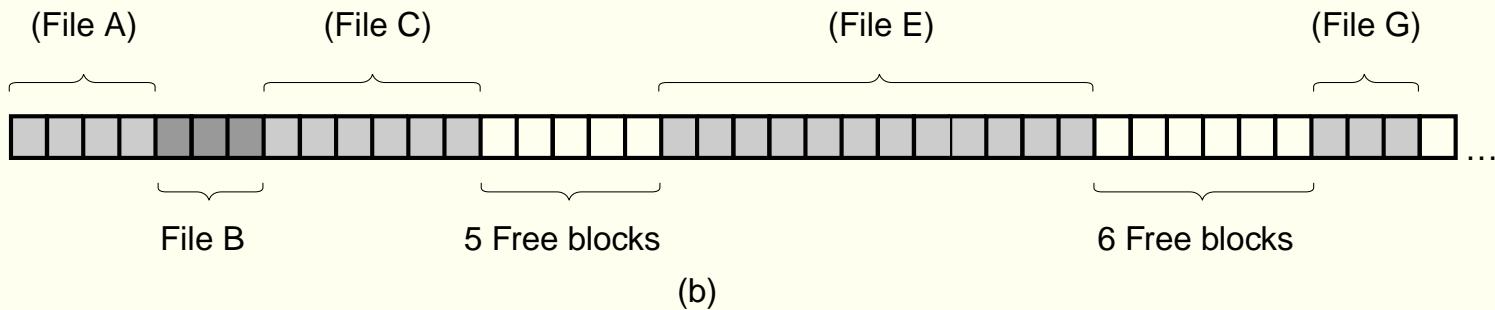
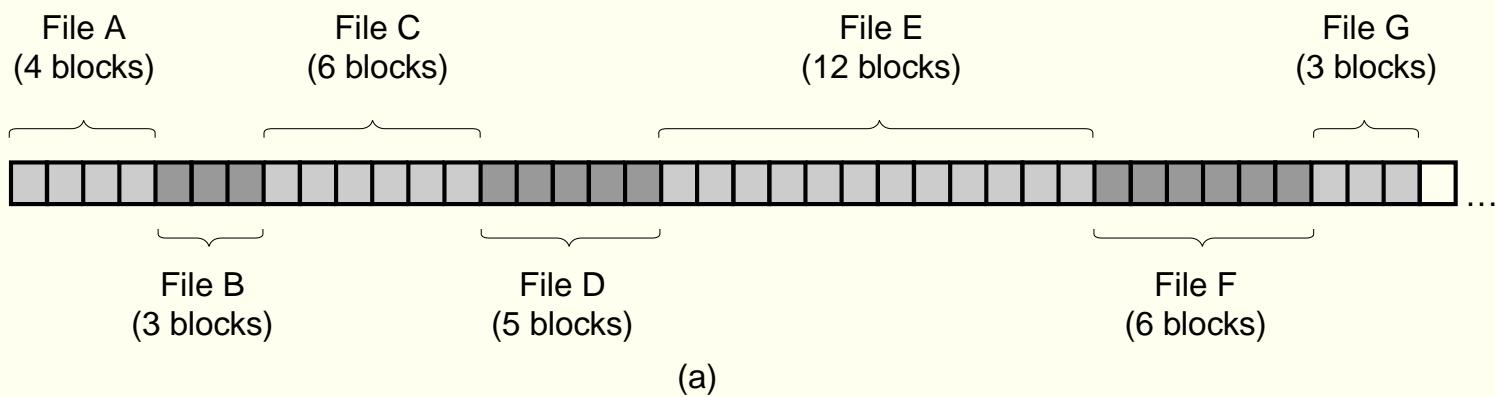
- Como os arquivos são armazenados
- Como o espaço livre é gerenciado
- Eficiência
- Confiabilidade

# Layout

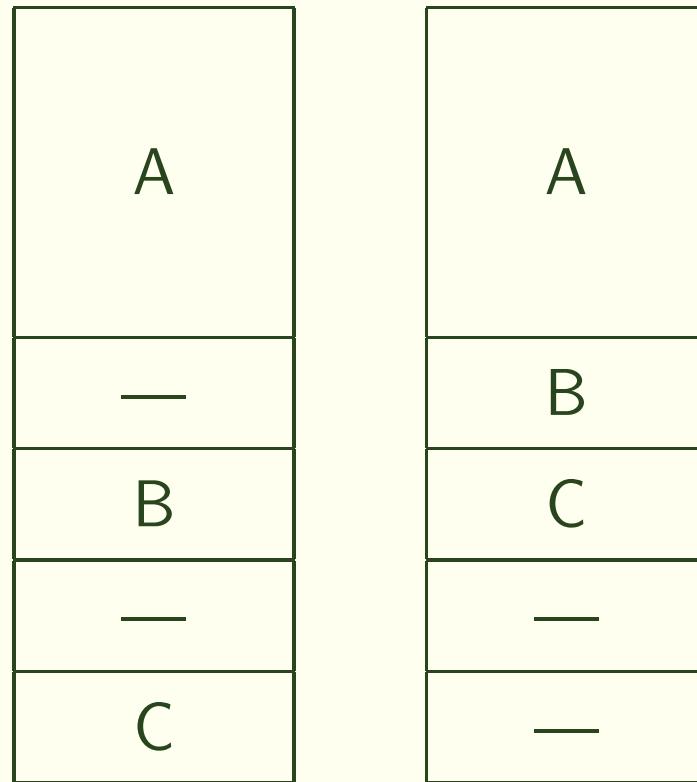


- MBR (Master Boot Record)
- Tabela de partições
- Boot block

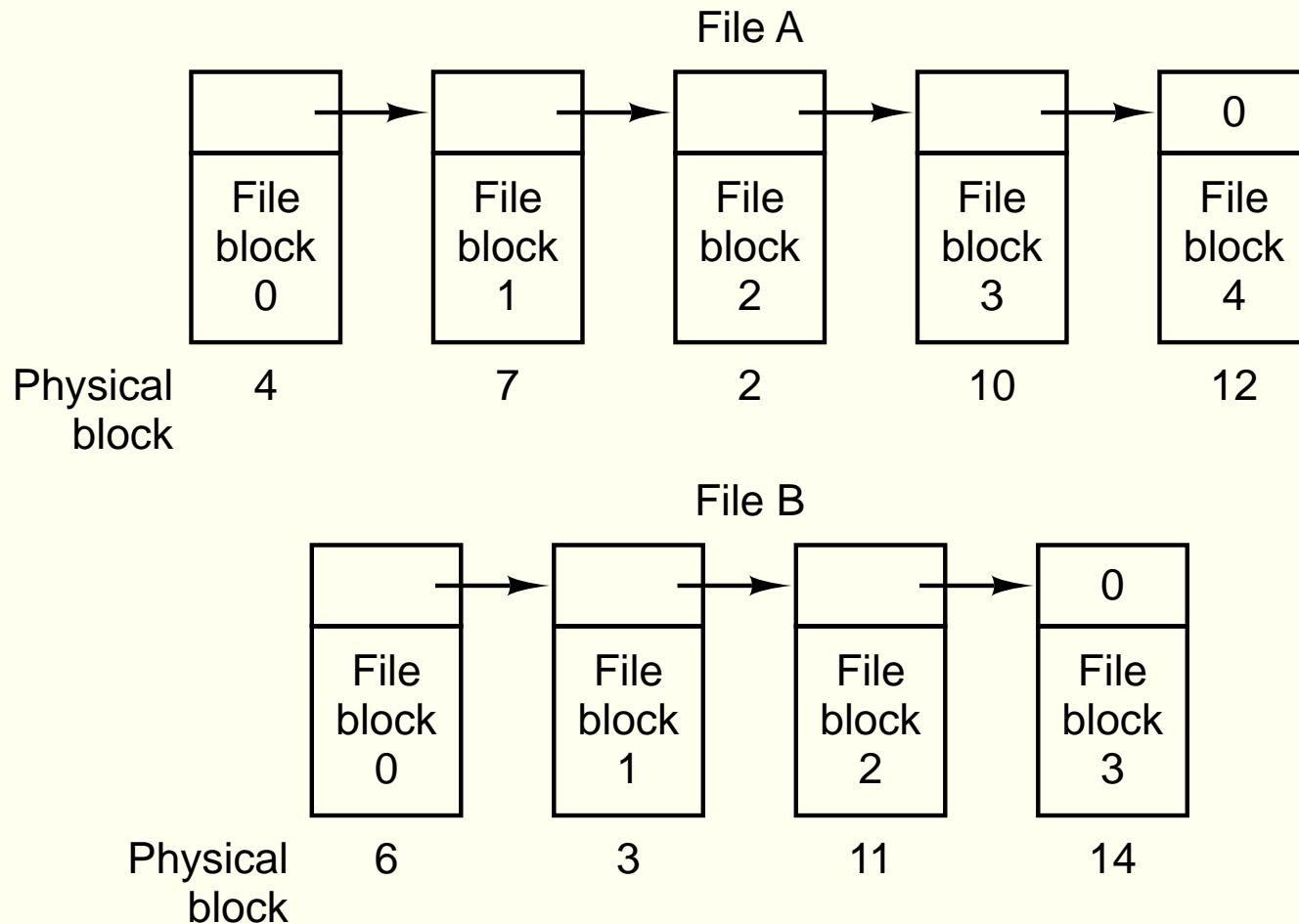
# Alocação contínua



# Compactação do disco



# Lista ligada de blocos



# File Allocation Table (FAT)

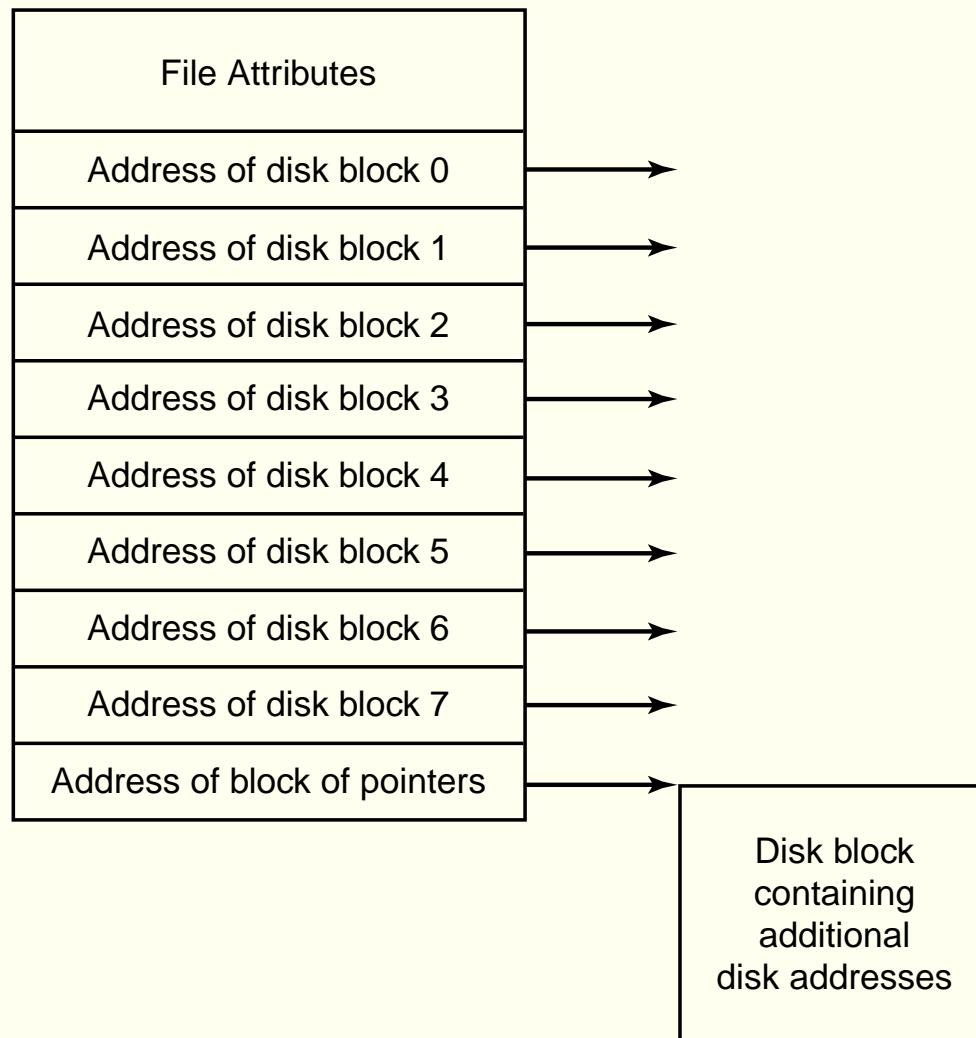
Physical block	
0	
1	
2	10
3	11
4	7
5	
6	3
7	2
8	
9	
10	12
11	14
12	-1
13	
14	-1
15	

File A starts here

File B starts here

Unused block

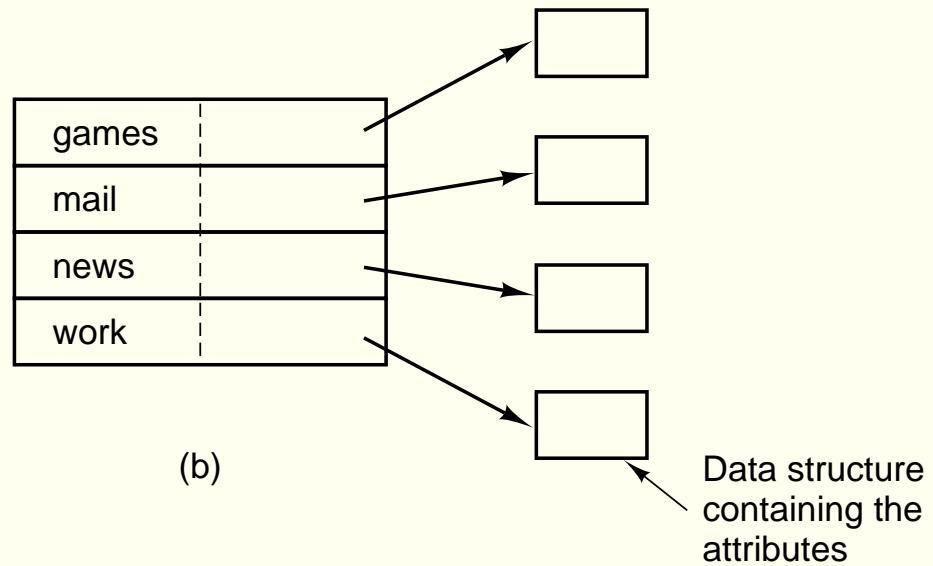
# I-node



# Implementação de diretórios

games	attributes
mail	attributes
news	attributes
work	attributes

(a)



(b)

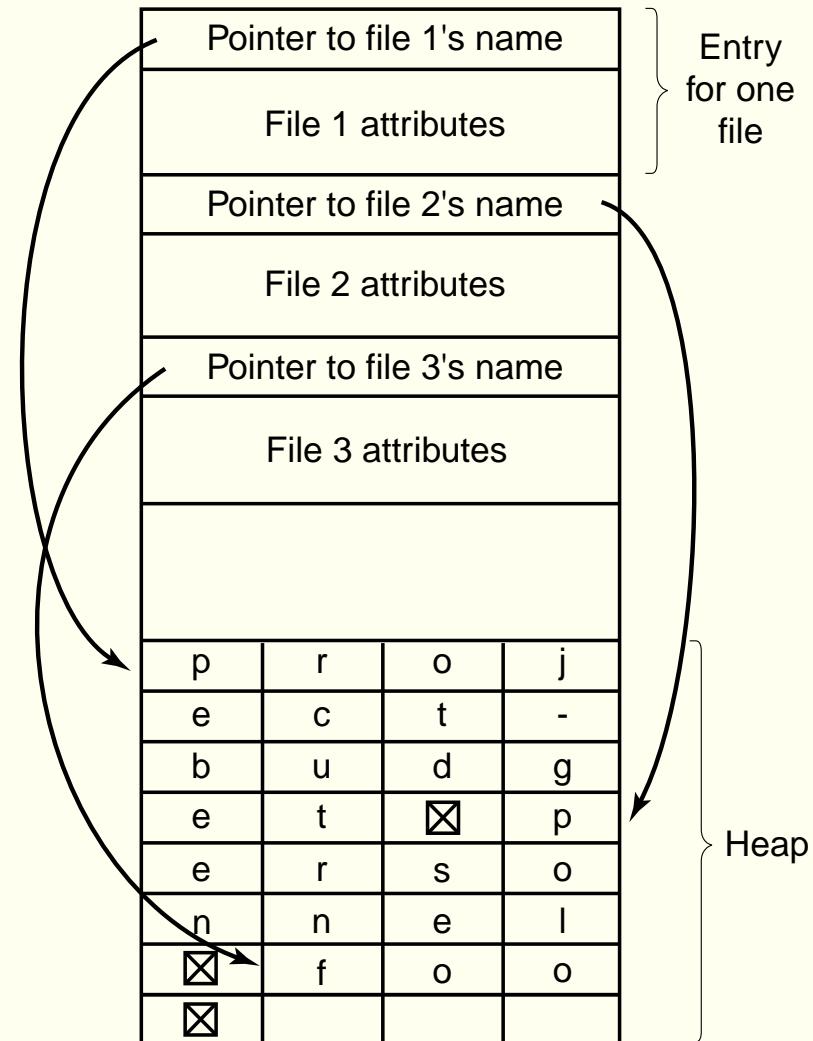
Data structure  
containing the  
attributes

# Nomes de tamanho variável

Entry for one file

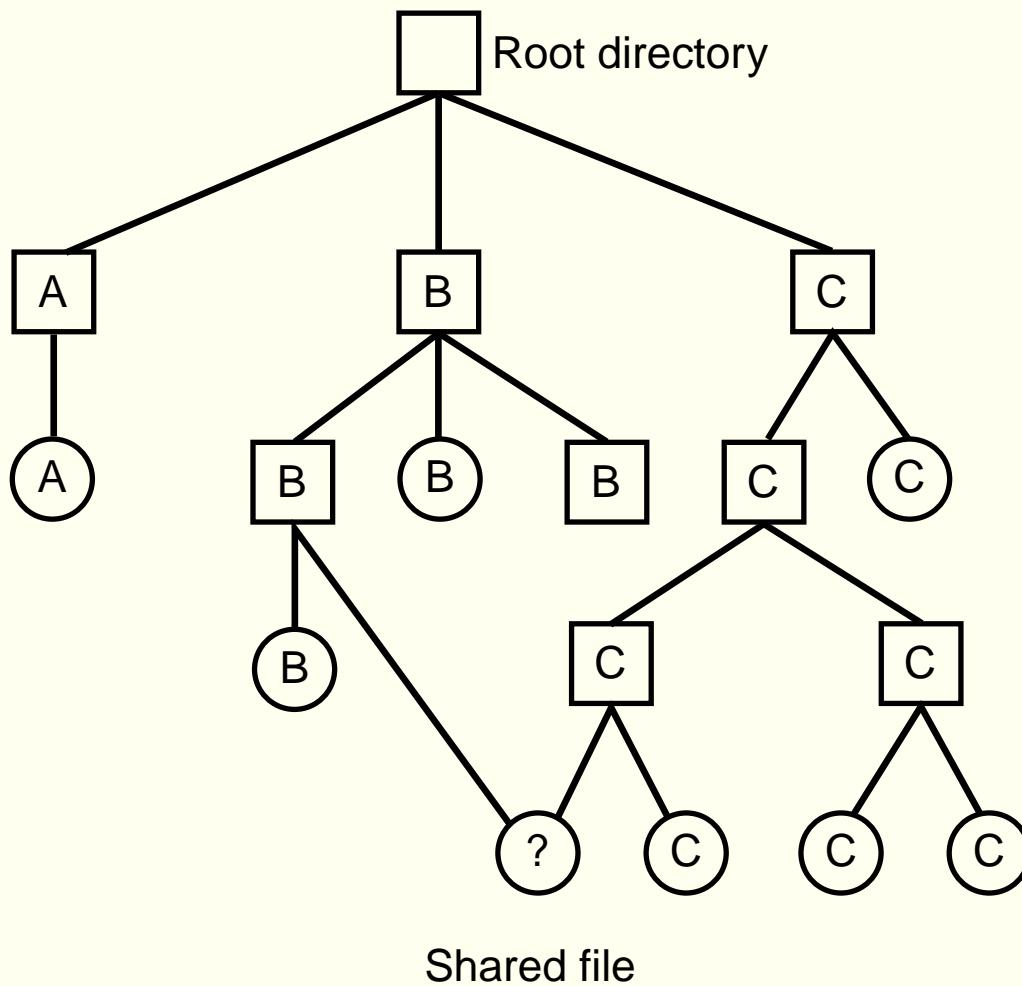
File 1 entry length			
File 1 attributes			
p	r	o	j
e	c	t	-
b	u	d	g
e	t	☒	
File 2 entry length			
File 2 attributes			
p	e	r	s
o	n	n	e
l	☒		
File 3 entry length			
File 3 attributes			
f	o	o	☒
⋮			

(a)



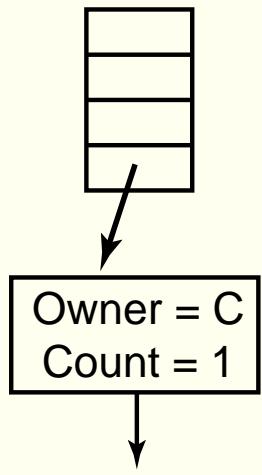
(b)

# Arquivos compartilhados



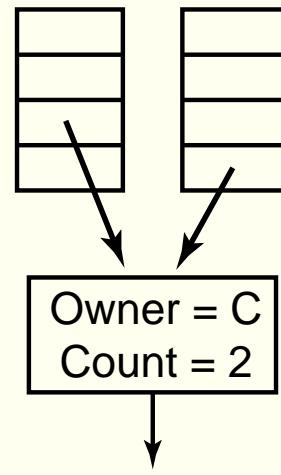
# Arquivos compartilhados

C' s directory



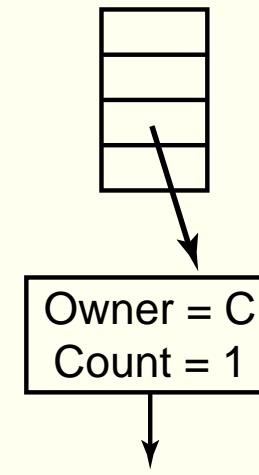
(a)

B' s directory C' s directory



(b)

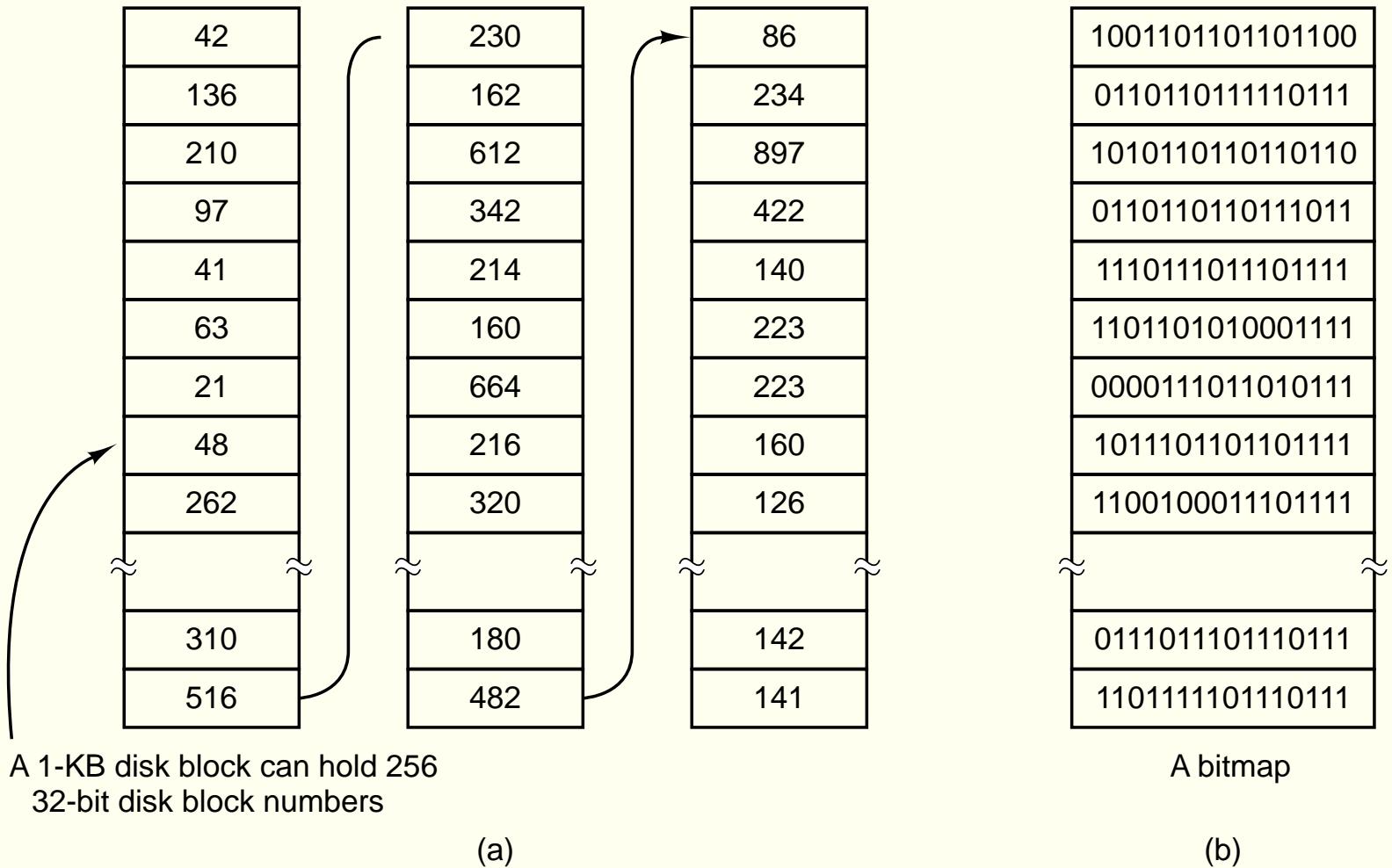
B' s directory



(c)

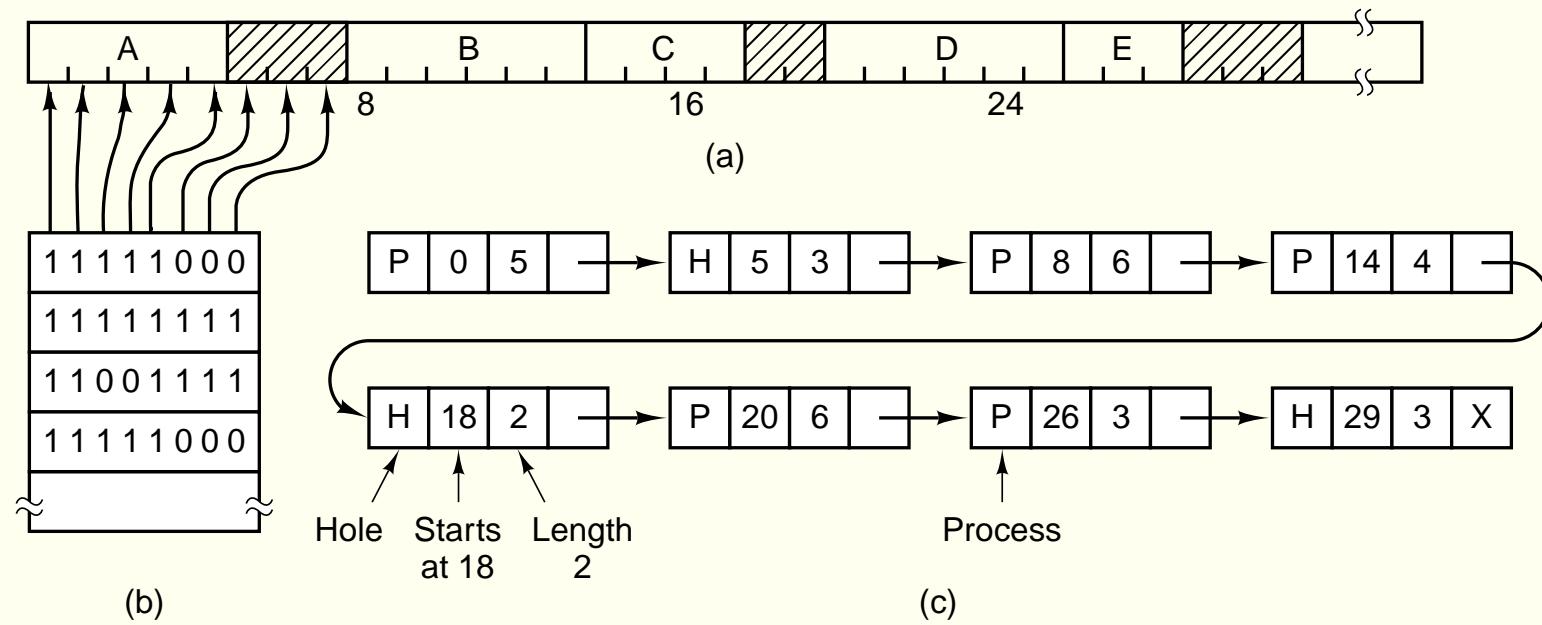
# Lista de livres e bitmaps

Free disk blocks: 16, 17, 18

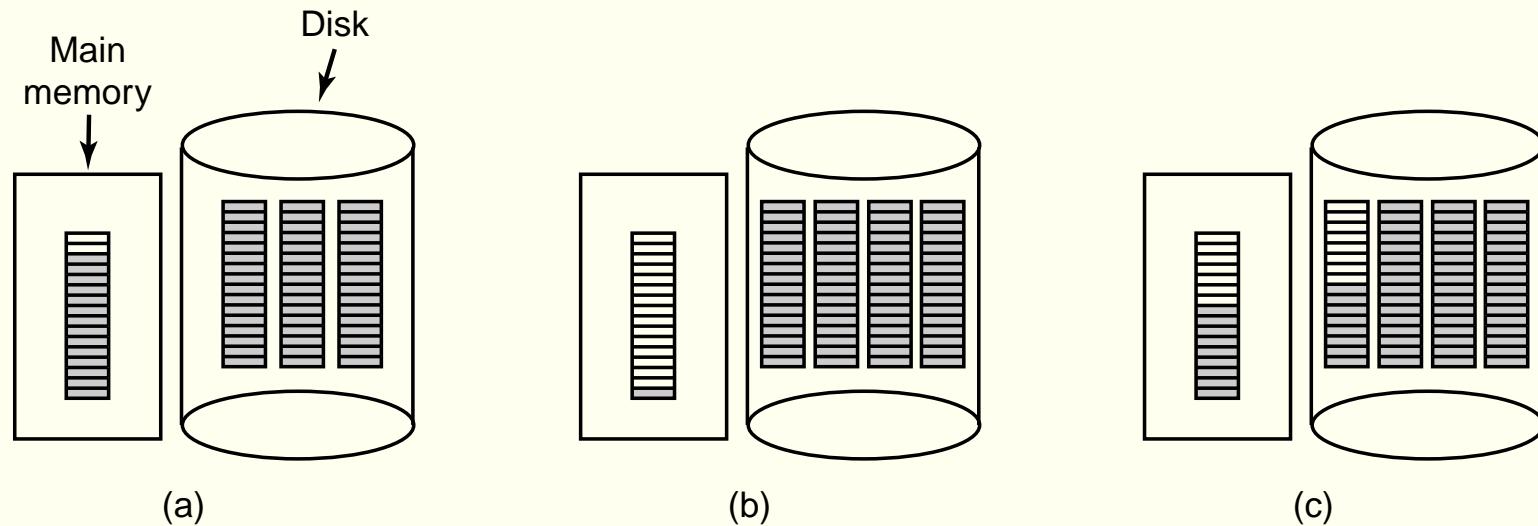


# Bitmaps e lista de livres

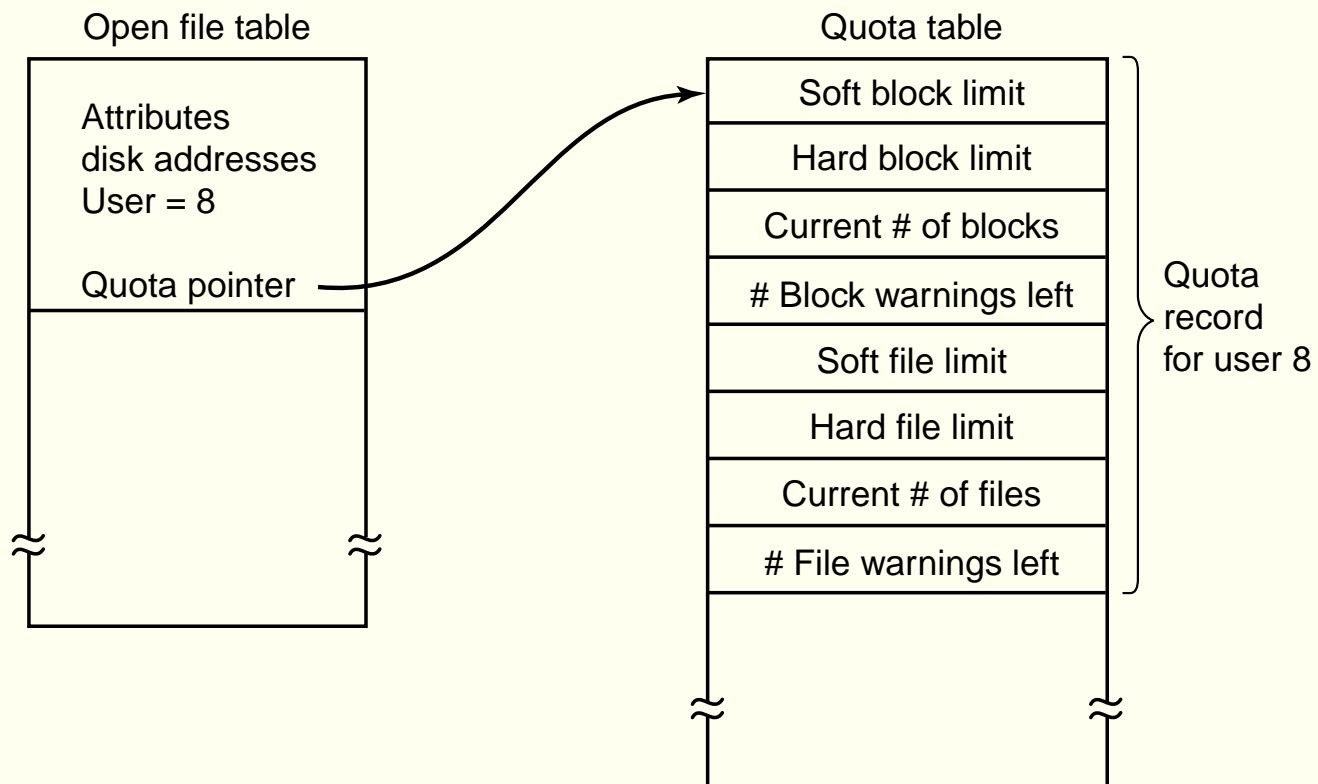
## Gerência de memória



# **Lista de livres em memória**



# Gerência de quotas



# Consistência do sistema de arquivos

Block number															
0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15
1	1	0	1	0	1	1	1	1	0	0	1	1	1	0	0
Blocks in use															
0	0	1	0	1	0	0	0	0	1	1	0	0	0	1	1
Free blocks															

(a)

Block number															
0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15
1	1	0	1	0	1	1	1	1	0	0	1	1	1	0	0
Blocks in use															
0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	0	0	0	1
Free blocks															

(b)

Block number															
0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15
1	1	0	1	0	1	1	1	1	0	0	1	1	1	0	0
Blocks in use															
0	0	1	0	2	0	0	0	0	1	1	0	0	0	1	1
Free blocks															

(c)

(a) consistente

(c) duplicação na  
lista de livres

Block number															
0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15
1	1	0	1	0	2	1	1	1	0	0	1	1	1	0	0
Blocks in use															
0	0	1	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	0	0	0	1
Free blocks															

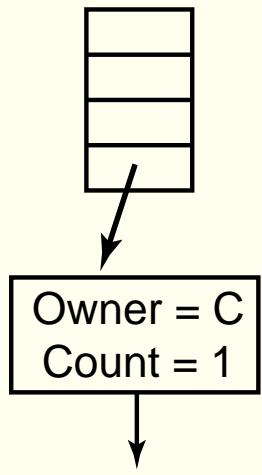
(d)

(b) bloco faltando

(d) duplicação nos  
dados

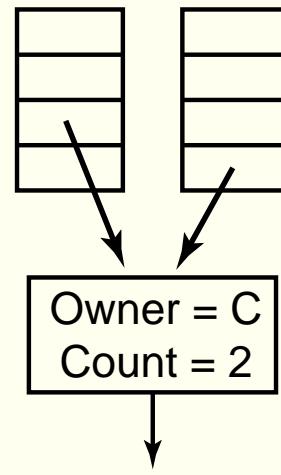
# Consistência do sistema de arquivos

C' s directory



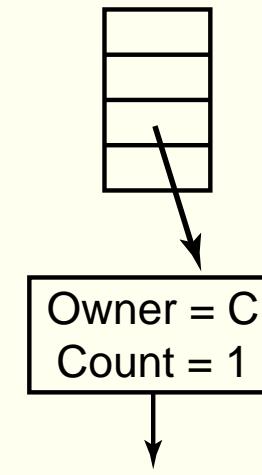
(a)

B' s directory C' s directory



(b)

B' s directory



(c)

# Caching

