# Moving Architectural Description from Under the Technology Lamppost

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(joint work with Richard N. Taylor of the University of California, Irvine and Eric M. Dashofy of the Aerospace Corporation)

# A Brief History of ADLs

- Software architecture emerged as a research discipline in the early 1990s
- Soon thereafter, many notations were either invented, recast, and/or argued for as architecture description languages
  - Wright, UniCon, Aesop, Acme, Rapide, Darwin, SADL, C2, Weaves, CHAM, LILEAnna, MetaH, Demeter, UML 1.x, ...
  - It seemed very important to have, or at least know, one
- Each provided modeling capabilities geared at software design
  - Though not necessarily architecture!
- They saw varying degrees of adoption and use

# Enter the "Funny" Questions

- Is UML really an ADL?
- Is Statecharts an ADL?
- What makes LILEAnna an ADL?
- Is Demeter a software design philosophy or a language? And why is it an ADL?
- Is Aesop an environment or an ADL?
- Why is Rapide an ADL but its close cousin VHDL is not?
- Aren't C2 and Weaves architectural styles?
- Why isn't Java na ADL?

### And the Most Important Question

### What is an ADL?

# Trying to Answer the Question

- Conducted a study of ADLs in the late-1990s
- Defined what an ADL is
  - Eliminated several candidate notations in the process
- Suggested multiple dimensions for ADL understanding and classification
- Provided a detailed comparison of ADLs
- Expanded and updated the study several times
- Two principal publications came out of this work
   ESEC/FSE 1997
  - IEEE TSE 2000

# So, What Was the Answer?

- An ADL is a language that provides features for modeling a software system's *conceptual* architecture, distinguished from the system's *implementation*.
- An ADL must support the building blocks of an architectural description
  - Components
    - Interfaces
  - Connectors
  - Configurations

### The Study in Retrospect – Benefits

- Improved the understanding of ADLs
- The two papers became a commonly accepted references in the SA community
  - After some grumbling, even the ADLs' authors accepted that the study was ultimately unbiased
- The definition became a "litmus test" for determining whether a particular notation is an ADL

### The Study in Retrospect – Shortcomings

- The "litmus test" was not always effective
  - It took a 3-year study and a 60-page paper to "prove" that UML 1.x is not an ADL
  - It took another 2-year study to demonstrate that, e.g., Darwin does, in fact, support (limited) connector modeling
- Still did not answer the question of what "conceptual architecture" means
- Did not provide any help with understanding deeper questions
  - What is a model?
  - What is architecture?
  - What are differences among styles, domain-specific architectures, application families, product lines, product populations...?

# Wanted

#### answers

### Once and for all

No Monetary Reward

# Why Bother?

- These questions have been personally "bugging" me
- The discipline has matured enough to require them
  - Research
  - Practice
  - Pedagogy
- One added, specific impetus

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Software Architecture: Foundations, Theory, and Practice Richard N. Taylor, Nenad Medvidovic, and Eric M. Dashofy (To appear, 2008)

# What Happened to the ADLs?

- The 1<sup>st</sup> generation ("1G") did not catch on
  - Although there are some 2G ADLs in use
- Almost no broader adoption
  - (slight) Exceptions are MetaH, Weaves, and Rapide
- What are some of the obvious reasons?
  - Often targeted at research environments
  - Awkward syntax and/or semantics
  - Modeling rigidity
  - Limited and idiosyncratic analysis support
  - Inadequate tool support
  - UML
    - Video killed the radio star...

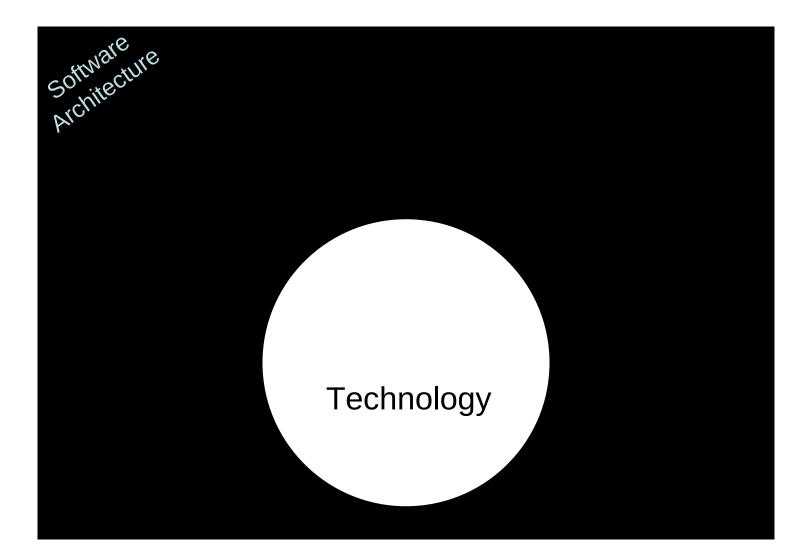
# A Deeper Reason

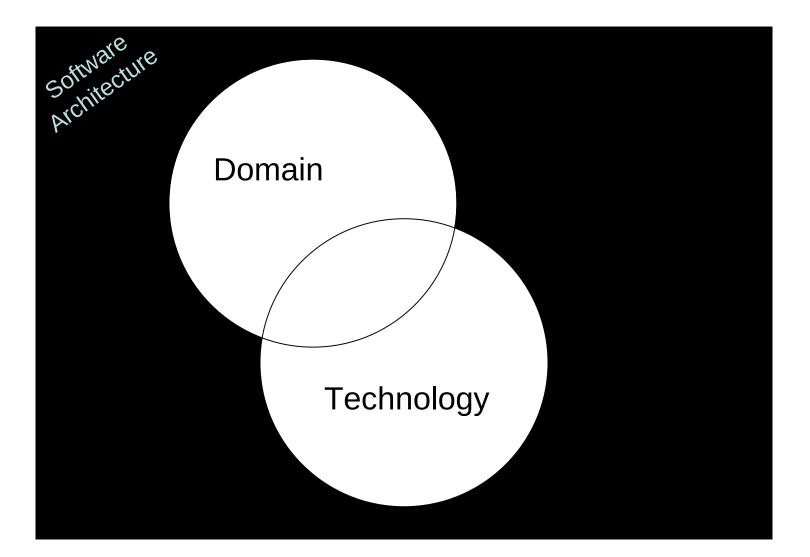
- 1G ADLs focused exclusively on technology
   So did our study
- The broader context was completely missing
  - Relation to system requirements
  - Constraints imposed by implementation platforms
  - Characteristics of application domains
  - Organizational structure and politics
  - Business model

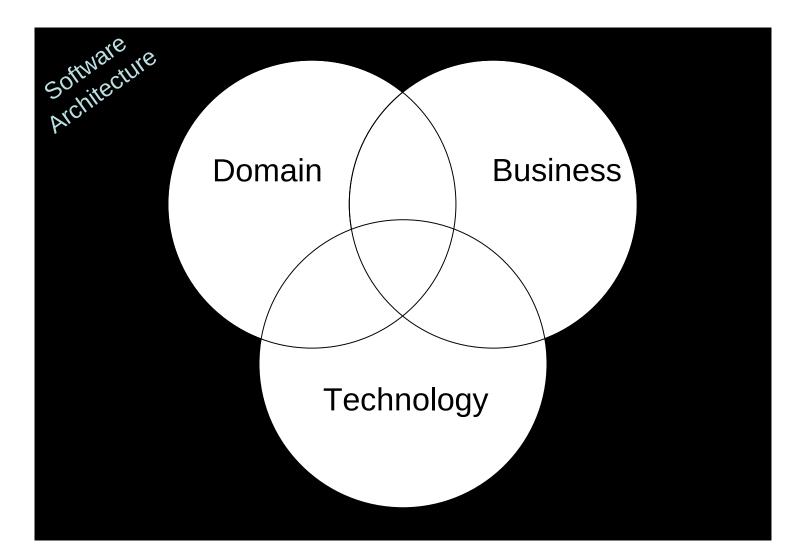
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- Position in the marketplace

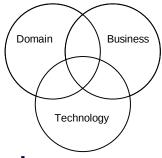






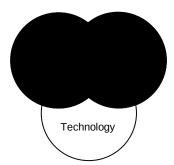


# The Three Lampposts ("3L")



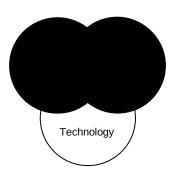
- Excessive or exclusive focus on technology is a critical failing of early ADLs
- 3L provides the needed answer
  - Illuminates the space of ADLs appropriately
  - Provides the necessary broad perspective on ADLs and their role in product development
  - Helps to classify and evaluate ADLs
  - Explains ADLs' successes and failures
  - Provides guidance for ADL developers
- Different lamps can still "shine" at different intensities

# Technology



- Concerned with
  - Recurring technical challenges of engineering systems
  - Means for representing and reasoning about architectures
  - Critical abstractions and conceptual foundations of SA
- Results in
  - Most all 1G ADLs
  - Focus on analysis
    - Often using pre-existing analytical formalisms
  - Esoteric discussions
    - Relative merits of declarative vs. imperative ADLs
    - ADL interoperability
  - And some important ones
    - How do we transform architectures into implementations

# A Technology-Driven ADL



```
connector Pipe =

role W = write \rightarrow W \sqcap close \rightarrow \sqrt{}

role R =

let Exit = close \rightarrow \sqrt{}

in let DoR = (read \rightarrow R

\square read-eof \rightarrow Exit)

in DoR \sqcap Exit
```

```
glue = let ROnly = R.read \rightarrow ROnly

\Box R.read-eof \rightarrow R.close \rightarrow \sqrt{}

\Box R.close \rightarrow \sqrt{}

in let WOnly = W.write \rightarrow WOnly

\Box W.close \rightarrow \sqrt{}

in W.write \rightarrow glue

\Box R.read \rightarrow glue

\Box W.close \rightarrow ROnly

\Box Reader.close \rightarrow WriteOnly
```

# Domain

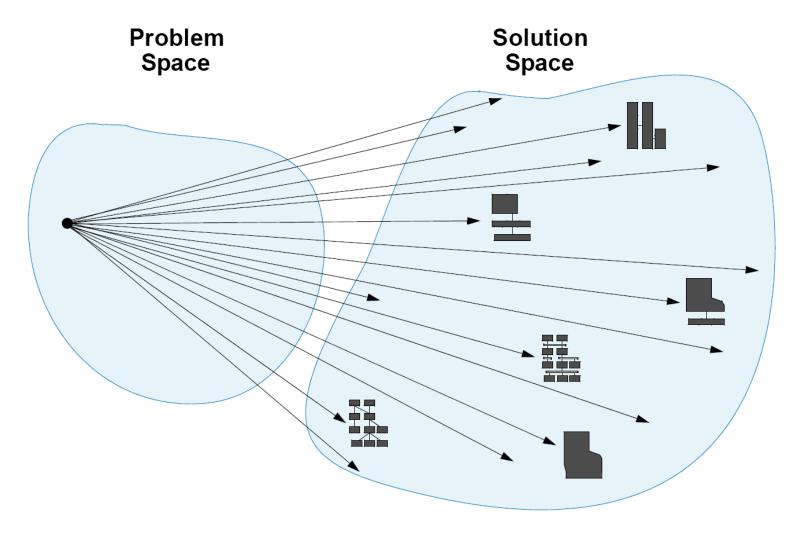
Domain

- Concerned with
  - Exploiting domain characteristics to aid system development
  - Means for representing and reasoning about problems in a given domain
- Results in
  - Successful 1G ADLs
    - MetaH, Weaves, GenVoca
  - Specialized, deeper solutions
  - Reusable assets
    - Including the architecture!
  - Engineers speaking the language of the users

# How Domains Help

Domain

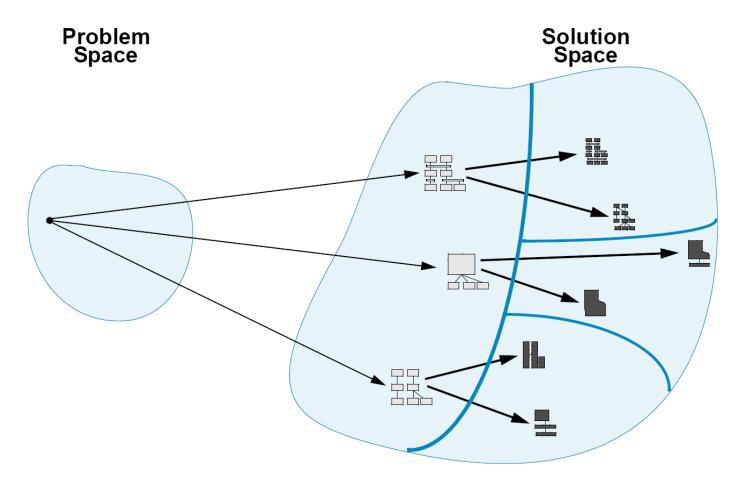
• Traditional software development

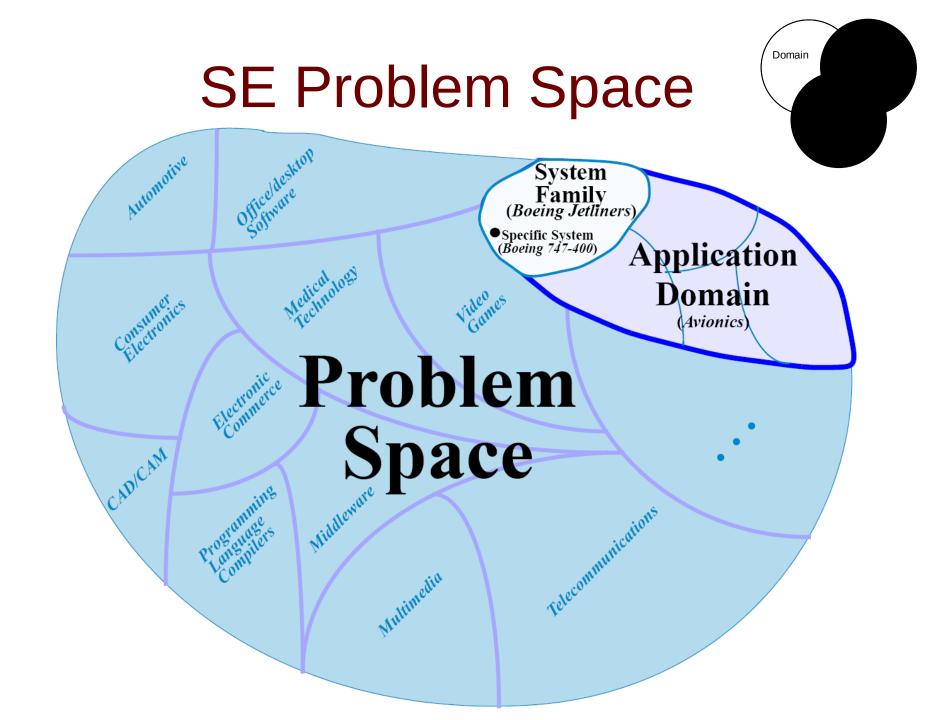


# How Domains Help

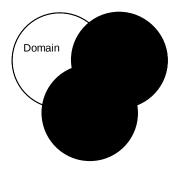
Domain

 Architecture-based software development

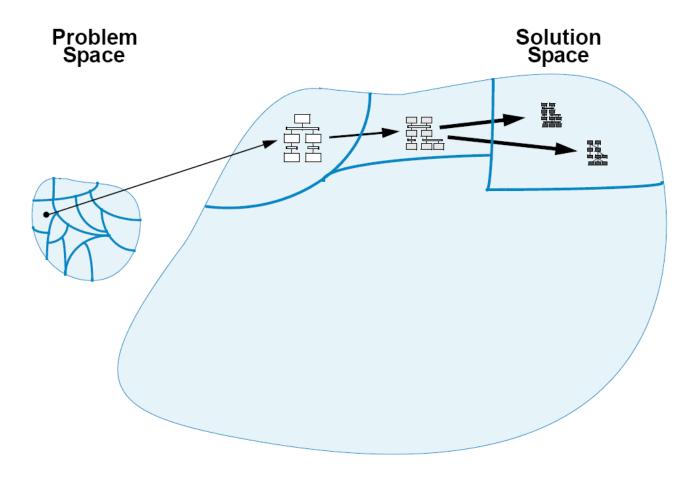




# How Domains Really Help



 Domain-specific architecture-based software development



# Business

Business

- Concerned with
  - Capturing and exploiting knowledge of the business context
  - Core competencies
  - Processes
  - Costs
    - Includes valuation of assets
- Results in
  - No 1G ADLs
  - Product strategy
  - Means for capturing multiple stakeholder perspectives
  - Characterization of desired product qualities
    - Tied to marketplace performance
  - What specifically, in an ADL?
    - Product relationships within a product line
    - Cost data per component

## Example of Business Concerns Modeled in a 1G ADL

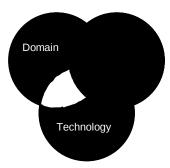
Business

## Example of Business Concerns Modeled in a 1G ADL



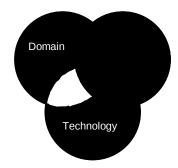


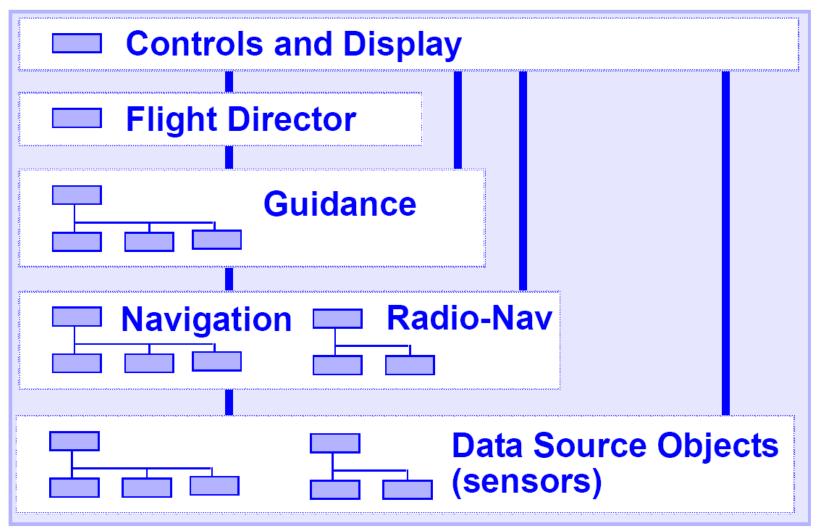
# Technology + Domain



- Concerned with
  - Technological concerns specific to a domain
  - System generation from models
- Results in
  - Application-family architectures
  - Domain-specific languages

## A 1G DSSA





# Technology + Business

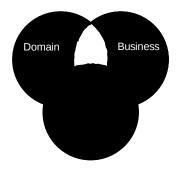
- Concerned with
  - Linking business issues with system construction

Technolog

- Investment in infrastructure
  - Winning "technology wars"
- Results in
  - Relationship of process steps to software elements
  - CM systems
  - Architecture-centric cost estimation tools
    - COCOMO, COSYSMO, COCOTS

# Domain + Business

- Concerned with
  - Core competencies
    - What you know how to do well and profitably
- Results in
  - Domain models
  - Business models
  - Processes
  - Customer profiles and requirements
  - No technology!



### Technology + Domain + Business

- Concerned with
  - Being a successful software development outfit

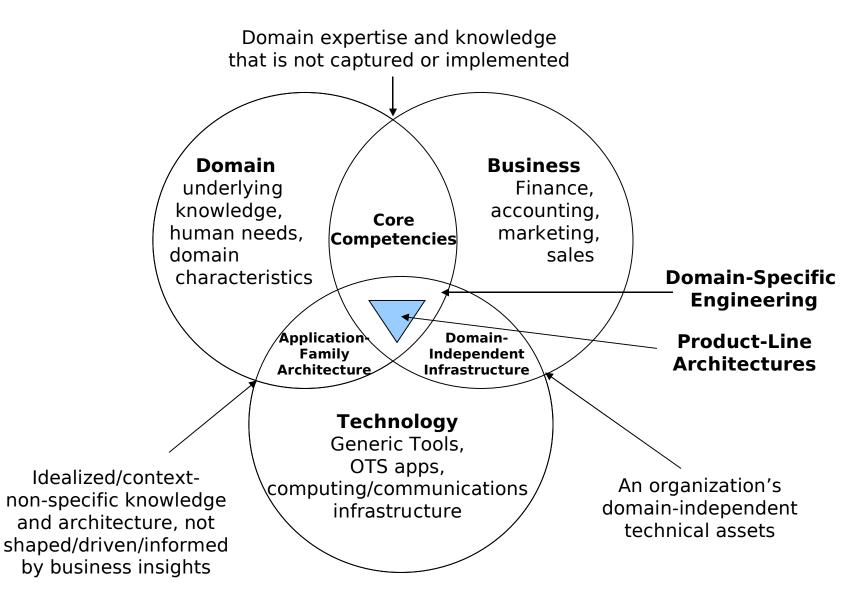
Domain

Technology

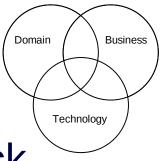
Busines

- Results in
  - Software product lines

# Putting It All Together



# 2G ADLs



- Only a handful of 1G ADLs have "stuck around"...
  - ... but, boy, have they changed
- They evolved into 2G ADLs
  - UML 2.0 ← UML 1.x
  - AADL ← MetaH
  - -Koala  $\leftarrow$  Darwin  $\leftarrow$  Conic
  - $xADL 2.0 \leftarrow xADL 1.0 \leftarrow C2$
- All have strong technological foci
  - Yet they are very different from each other

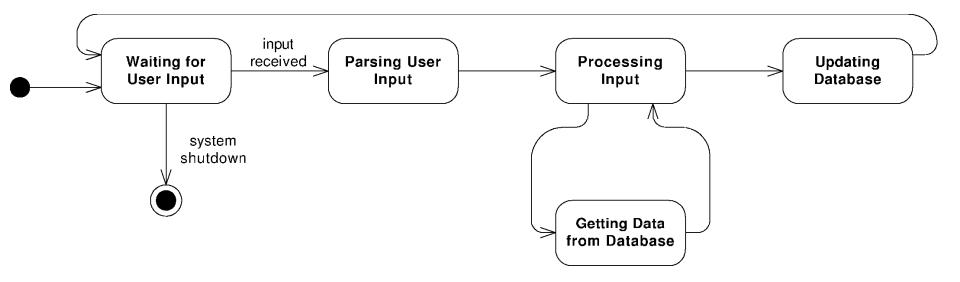
# UML 2.0

- De facto standard software design language
  - Developed by OMG
- A "Swiss Army Knife" of notations
- Has a number of architectural constructs
- Ubiquitous
- Primary focus to conquer the world

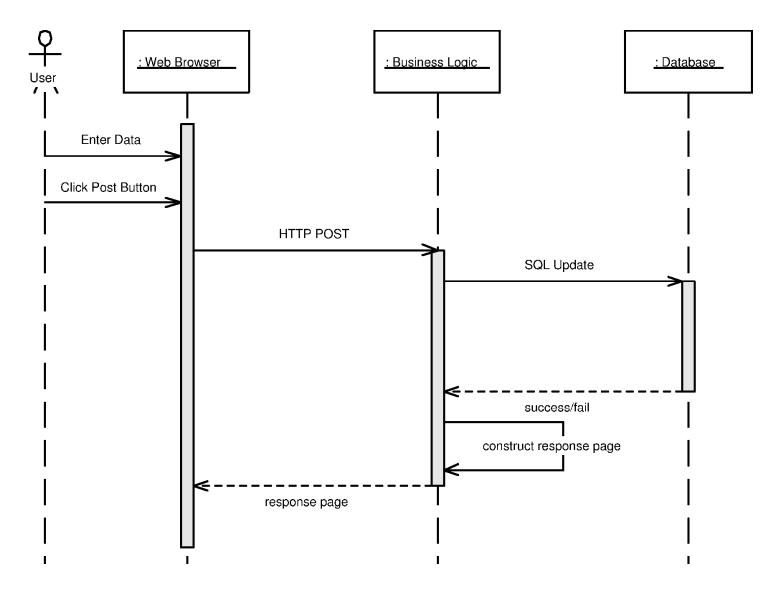
## UML 2.0 in Action



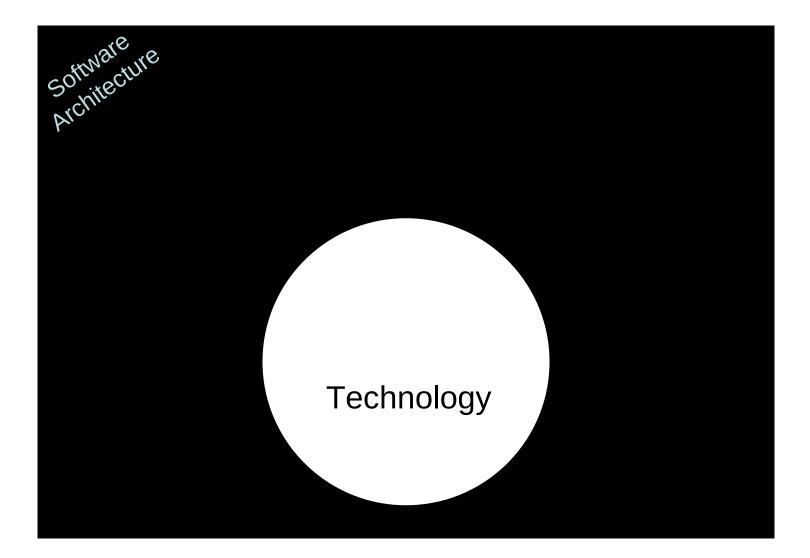
## UML 2.0 in Action

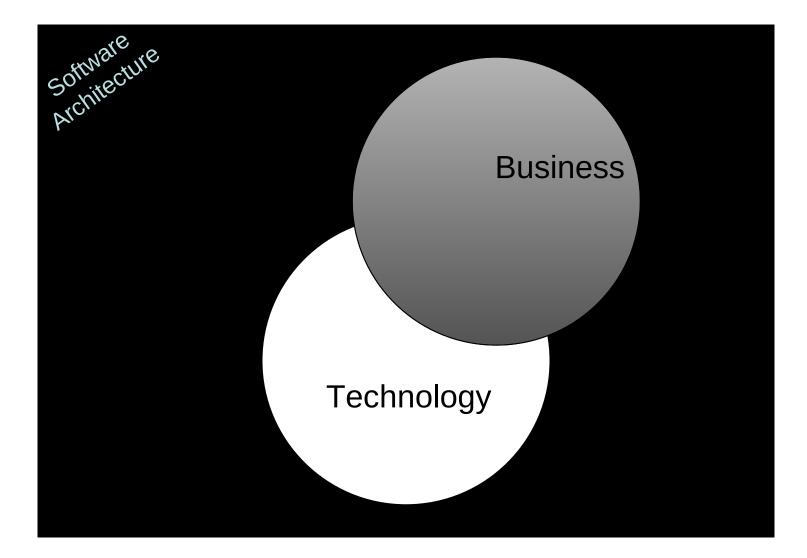


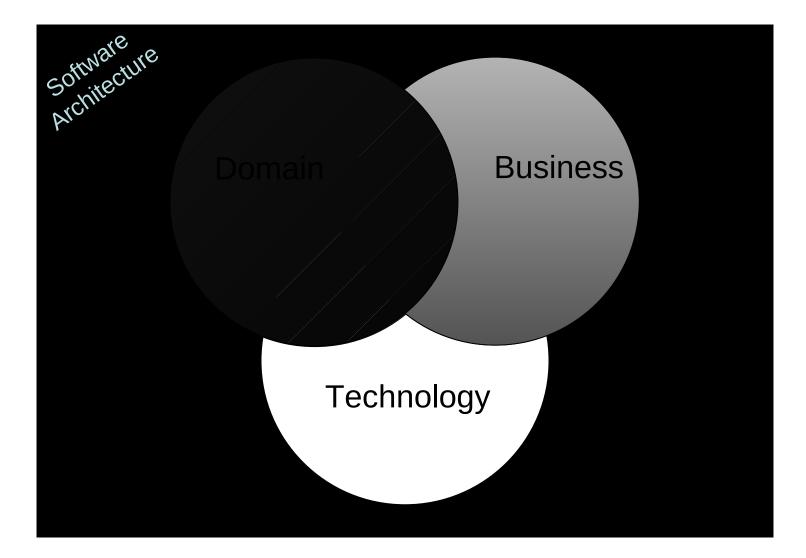
## UML 2.0 in Action











## AADL

- Architecture Analysis and Design Language
   Initially stood for "Avionics ADL"
- Primarily textual
- Very detailed
  - An AADL component runs on a processor, which runs one or more processes, each of which contains one or more threads of control, all of which can receive instructions through *in* ports and send data through *out* ports over a *bus*...
- Primary focus embedded, real-time, hybrid systems

# AADL in Action

system implementation sensor\_type.temperature subcomponents

the\_sensor\_processor :

processor sensor\_processor\_type;

the\_sensor\_process : process

sensor\_process\_type.one\_thread;

connections

bus access network -> the\_sensor\_processor.network; event data port sensed ->

the\_sensor\_process.sensed;

event data port control ->

the\_sensor\_process.control;

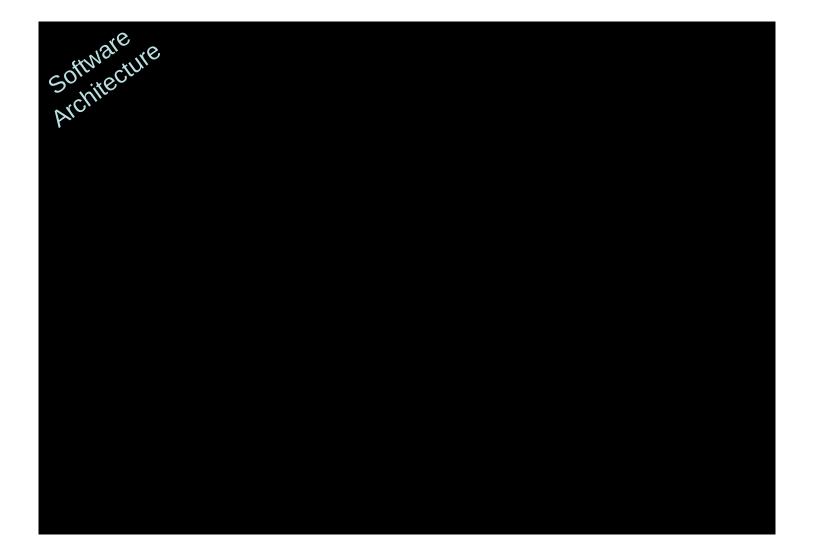
properties

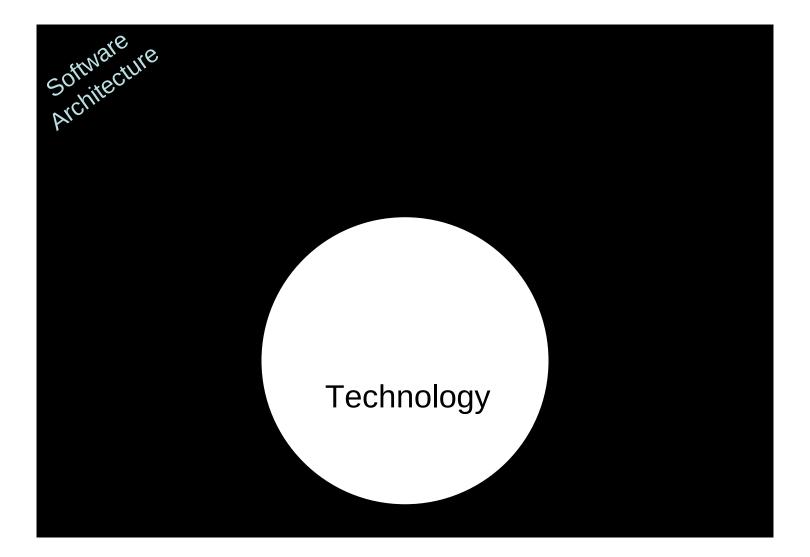
Actual\_Processor\_Binding => reference

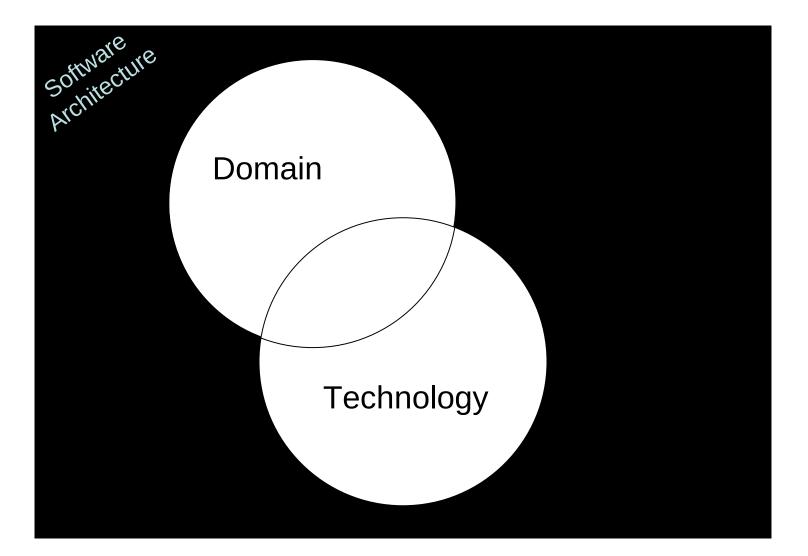
the\_sensor\_processor applies to

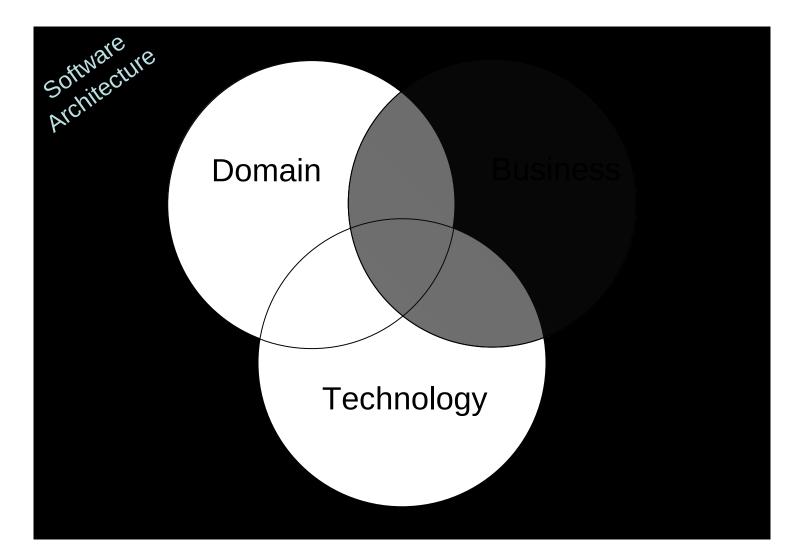
the\_sensor\_process;

end sensor\_type.temperature;







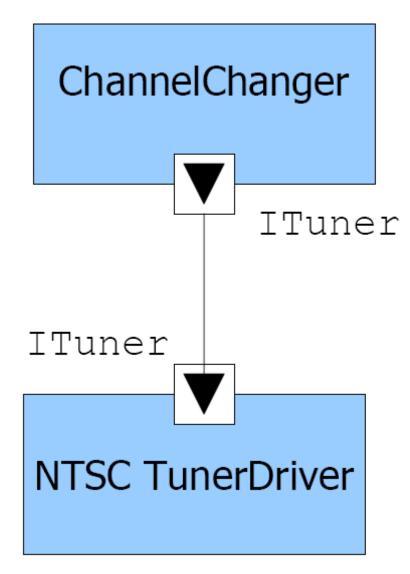


# Koala

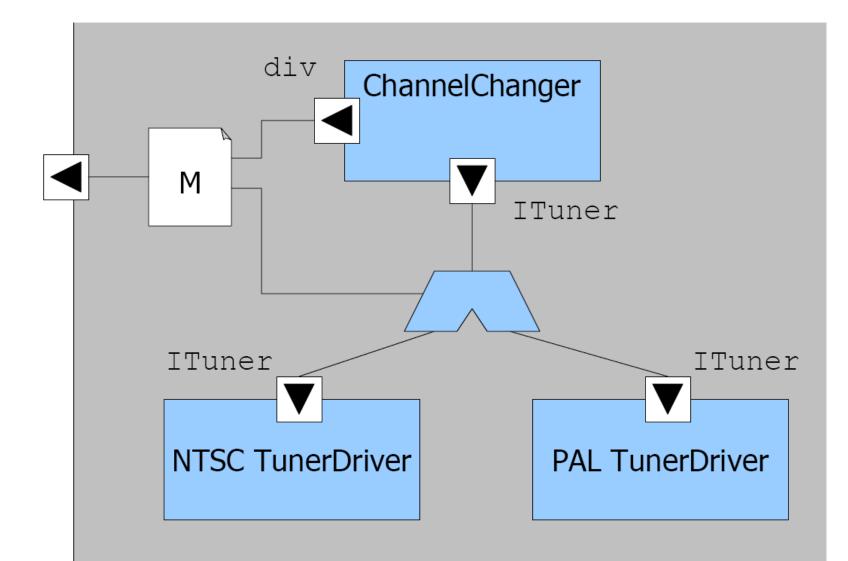
- Developed at Philips

   In collaboration with Imperial College London
- Used in the consumer electronics domain
- Both graphical and textual
- Primary focus management of product populations
  - Modeling
  - Analysis
  - Implementation generation
  - Deployment

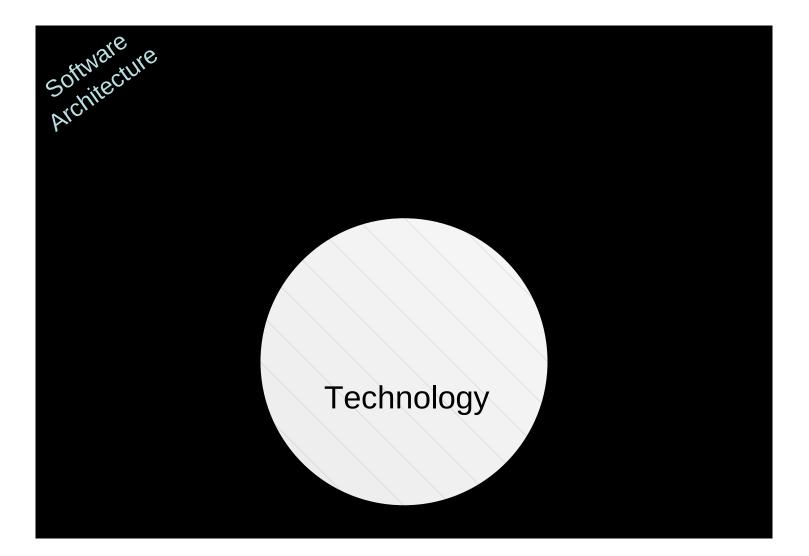
## Koala in Action

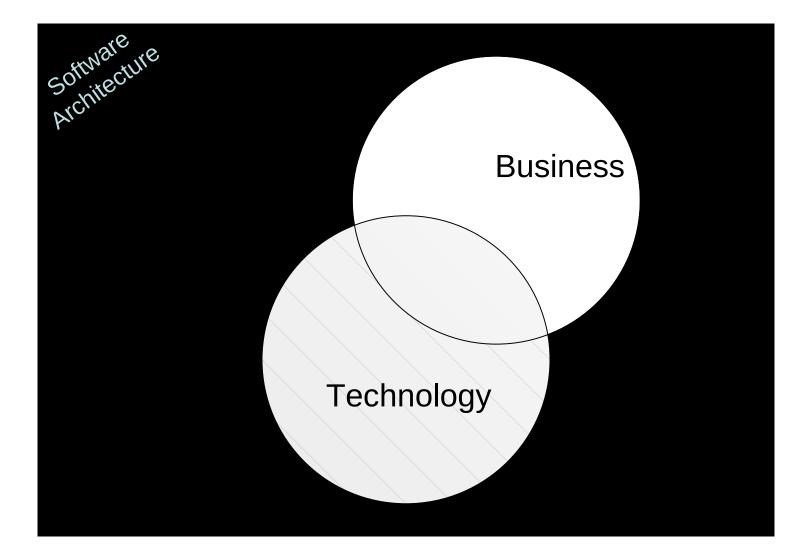


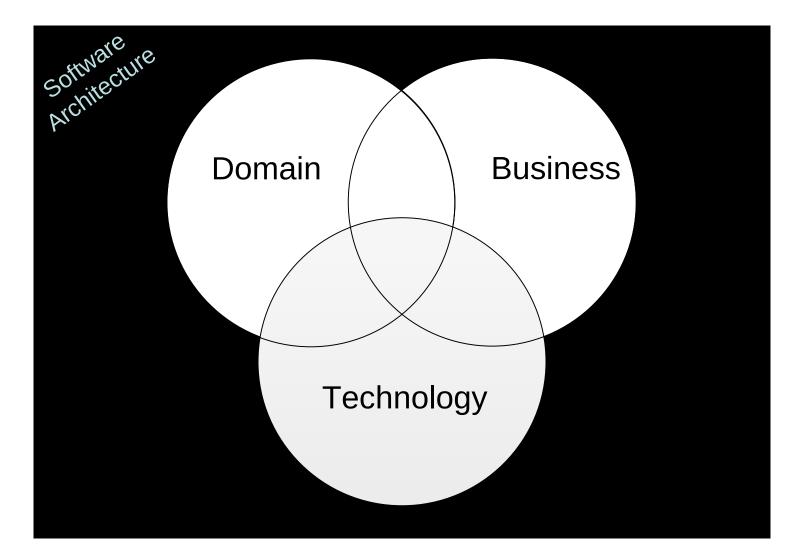
## Koala in Action











## xADL 2.0

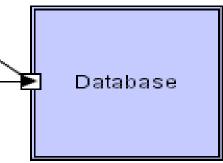
- Developed at UC Irvine
   In use at Boeing
- XML substrate
- Both graphical and textual
- Primary focus extensibility

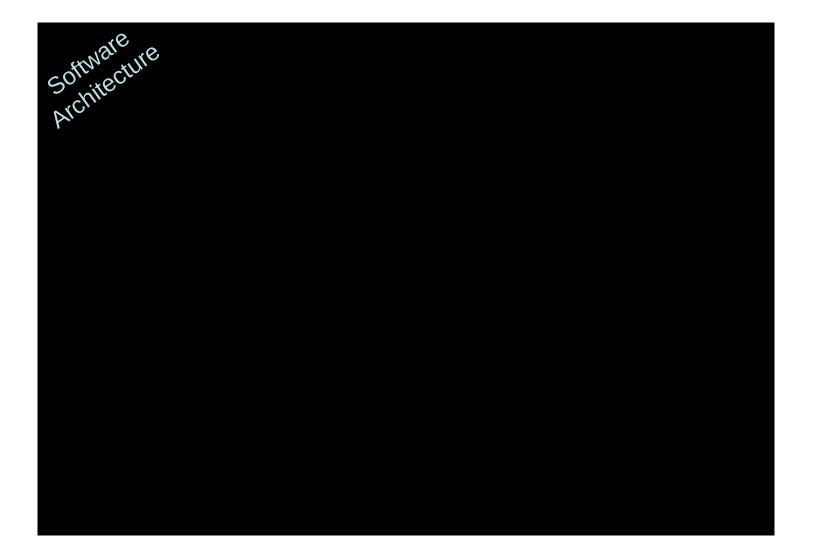
## xADL 2.0 in Action

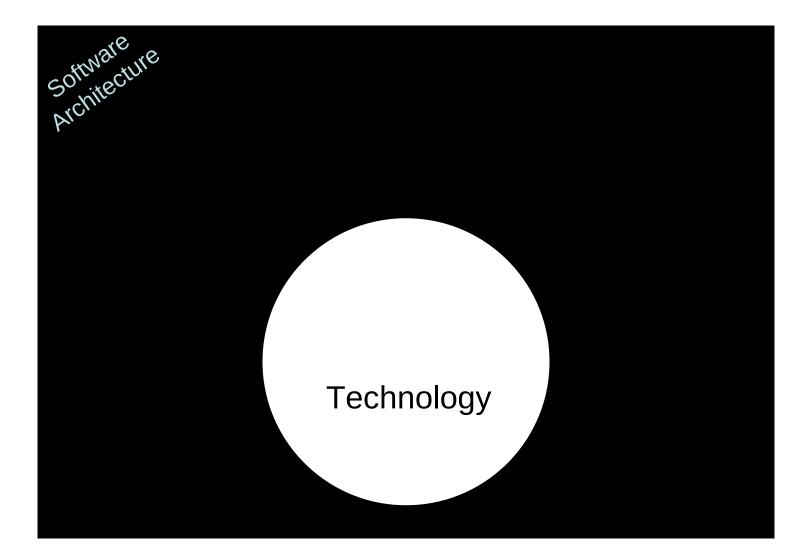


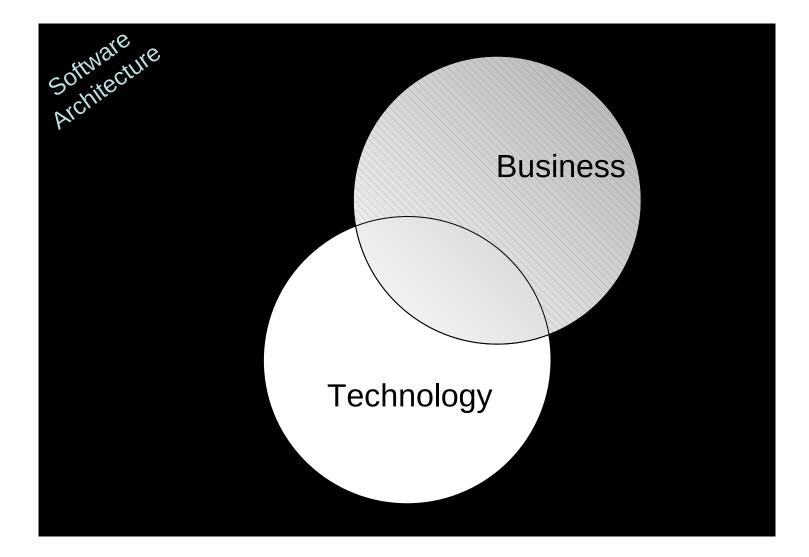
# xADL 2.0 in Action

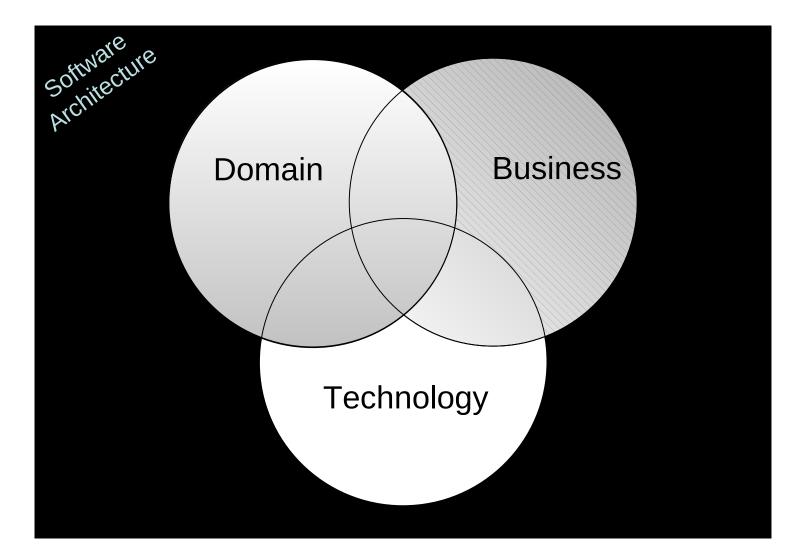
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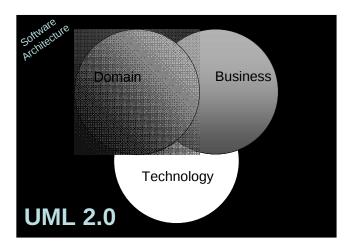


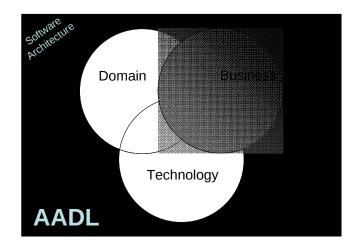


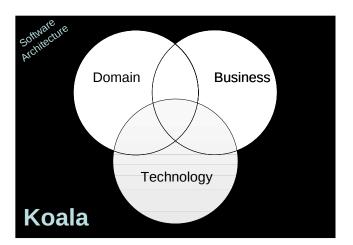


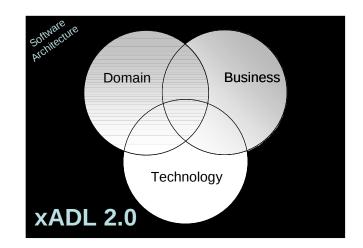


## 2G ADLs Side-by-Side









## Some Observations

- Architecture embraces many concerns
- More mature and successful ADLs incorporate concerns from 3L
- Multiple views are a must
- No single set of modeling features is sufficient for every project
- Extensibility is a key property of ADLs
- Tools are often as important as notations



